GERMSKUTTER

SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM, ITCHES, ECZEMA, AND ALL OTHER SKIN DISEASES

DOES NOT STAIN CLOTHES.

BHOGILAL PREMCHAND & CO., CHEMISTS, Princess St., BOMBAY 2.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVIII NO. 38 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

1949 COMPLETIONS OF THE METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO., LTD. (H.O. CALCUTTA) EXCEED 6 CRORES AND FIFTY-FIVE LACS. Central Office—Western Circle, 371, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY—1.

NEW CHAPTER IN SINO-SOVIET LINK

30-Year Friendship Pact Signed

MOSCOW, Feb. 14.

Marshal Stalin sat at the head of the table at a farewell banquet given here tonight for Chinese Communist leader Mao Tse-tung and his party after the signing of a new Sino-Russian thirty year treaty of friendship.

Josef Stalin

Having linked more than a quarter of the world's population in a new alliance, signed by Foreign Minister Chou En-Lai and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky, the negotiators made their way with about 500 guests to the Hotel Metropole.

It was expected that Mao and his negotiators would leave Moscow shortly but would tour through several areas of the Soviet Union before returning to Peking.—PTI-Reuter.

7 Dead, 24 Hurt

TRAIN COLLIDES WITH BUS

CUTTACK, Feb. 15.

SEVEN persons were killed and twenty-four injured when the Puri-Talcher Local collided with a passenger bus this evening on the level crossing between Malipattapur and Sakhigopal, seven miles from Puri, according to a report received here.

It is stated that the level-crossing gate was open and the bus carrying passengers tried to cross the railway track when it was hit by the engine of the passenger train. All the casualties were from among the passengers in the bus.

The train arrived three hours late at the Cuttack station.—(UPI).

6 Injured In Kanpur Clash

KANPUR, Feb. 15, (PTI): About six persons were injured, three seriously, in a clash today between two groups of local Congress labour workers at a meeting convened by R. Vasudeo Prasad Misra, General Secretary of the City Congress Committee, Kanpur. The doors and windows panes of one of the rooms were damaged.

The trouble arose, it was reported, when the sponsors of the meeting indulged in objectionable remarks against the Sooti Mill Mazdoor Union, Kanpur. This was objected to by the members of the Union present at the meeting. The President of the meeting, Mr. Ganesh Dutt Bajpai, it is alleged, ruled out the objection of the Sooti Mill Mazdoor union workers, who as a result, staged a walk out. Exchange of hot words between the two groups resulted in the clash hurling of shoes, angry demonstrations and rowdy scenes.

U. S. OPENS DOOR TO RUSSIA

Ready To Discuss All Issues Of Dispute

STATE DEPARTMENT PROPOSAL

WASHINGTON, February 15, (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED STATES Deputy Under-Secretary of State Dean Rusk told Senators today that America was "prepared to discuss outstanding issues with the Soviet Union and to leave all possible doors open for an exchange of views."

But such discussion must not be a matter of two powers sitting in a corner and "disposing of the basic interests of other Governments or peoples behind their backs," he stressed.

The State Department official was discussing with a Senate Foreign Relations Sub-Committee proposals to improve international organisation and suggests for further approaches to improve American-Soviet relations.

It was the first official United States Government pronouncement on such proposals since Mr. Winston Churchill made his suggestion for a new move to the East-West cold war.

MOVE WELCOMED BY RADHAKRISHNAN

PARIS, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter). — Professor Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, Indian Ambassador to Russia, said here today: "I note with satisfaction a tendency both in Britain and the United States for a fresh approach to Soviet Russia on the question of settlement of outstanding differences."

Prof. Radhakrishnan, in Paris for a meeting of the 18-nation executive board of UNESCO, cited recent speeches by Mr. Churchill, Mr. Eden and Sir Hartley Shawcross in Britain and by Mr. Dean Acheson in the United States.

"They are all calling for a settlement, for a friendly approach to Russia", he said. "The peoples of the world would welcome this with great relief. Hungry people do not want isms, capitalisms or communism.

RUSSIA KEEN

Prof. Radhakrishnan, who has been in Moscow for six months and met Marshal Stalin last month continued: "From my slight acquaintance with the Soviet Government they are quite keen on peace and would not lightheartedly let go an opportunity for an understanding with the West."

The UNESCO executive, he said, had authorised Dr. Jaime Torres Bodet, Director-General, to arrange discussions between philosophers and thinkers of different nations on ideological relations between the East and the West.

A recommendation to this effect would go before the organisation's general conference in Florence in May.

ACHESON LIKELY TO RESIGN

BANGKOK, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): American Secretary of State Dean Acheson is likely to resign within six or eight weeks, sources close to American diplomats meeting here said today.

The diplomats were today concluding their three-day conference on the situation in South-East Asia.

The source said that Dr. Philip Jessup, President Truman's Roving Ambassador, was expected to succeed Mr. Acheson.

RIGOUR OF LAW IN INDIA

MADURA, Feb. 15, (PTI): Dr. J. C. Kumarappa told a meeting of landhoders here today that the time had come in the country when private property in land as a means of investment would be looked upon as "a heinous crime."

Dr. Kumarappa regretted that some of the laws of the present Government only reflected the 'iron rod of the British Empire still." Sugar cane growers in Nilakottai Taluk in Madura, he said, were prohibited from manufacturing jaggery except under licence and were compelled to sell their cane at a fixed price to a sugar mill. "I feel ashamed to be citizen of this land where such a law can prevail with the so-called national Government at the top."

"Unless this sort of thing is made impossible, they will be fooling themselves to call this Swaraj or a Republic. It will be a Republic tied on to private capital", he declared.

Anglo-German Talks

FRANKFURT, Feb. 15, (PTI-Reuter): A 75 per cent increase West Germany's freedom to trade with Britain was forecast by the chief German delegate when negotiations to expand and ease the flow of goods between the two countries opened here today.

ARMED RED CROWD LOOTS AND BURNS

Orgy Of Violence Near Gauhati

GAUHATI, Feb. 15, (PTI).

ONE person was killed, some Government and private buildings were burnt down and cash and jewellery looted when a party of about 40 persons, armed with sten guns and revolvers, "indulged in an orgy of violence for a short while at Tihu", 50 miles from Gauhati on Monday (February 13) according to the latest authoritative information received here.

The raiders, alleged to have been led by Communists, are stated to have come from a neighbouring village.

It is reported that, while committing loot and arson, the men kept up a steady fire from their guns and also threw crackers to scare away people, many of whom fled to places of safety. Before the police could arrive on the spot the raiders escaped with cash amounting to Rs. 11,700 and ornaments worth several thousands.

The situation in Tihu is now quiet.

RICE MILL LOOTED

According to the Deputy Commissioner of Kamrup, who conducted an on-the-spot investigation at Tihu yesterday, the crowd first attacked a rice mill, shot dead a person and took away cash worth Rs. 8,000. The crowd then proceeded to two other business firms from where they looted about Rs. 4,000 in cash and jefellery worth several thousands of rupees.

The party then raided the B.O.C. Petrol Depot where they destroyed some mobile oil kept outside, the crowd made an effort to get into the building but was not successful as it was securely locked. Thereafter the raiders set fire to the Sub-Deputy Collector's Office, the Inspecton Bungalow and the local Congress Secretary's house which were all completely burnt down. All the records in the Sub-Deputy Collector's office were destroyed.

Some empty mail bags and papers were also set on fire in the Tihu post office.

No arrests have been made so far Vigirous police investigations continue to apprehend the culprits. A special armed police force, under the command of a Deputy Superintendent, has been posted in this area. The police are also guarding the local railway station.

It is learnt that a platoon of Assam Police battalion is also being sent to Tihu.

RETALIATION FOR EVERYTHING!

KARACHI, Feb. 15.

INDIAN scientists will not be invited to the scientific conference to be held here from March 24 to 28, it was learnt here today. This, it is stated, is a "retaliatory measure" against Indian scientists who did not invite Pakistan scientists to attend the Indian scientific conference held in Poona recently. Pakistan has, however, sent invitations to other Commonwealth scientists.

Rioting In Ghettoland: Whites Arm In Fury: Gen. Smuts Warns

JOHANNESBURG, FEBRUARY 15, (PTI-REUTER).

THREE AFRICAN TOWNSHIPS ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF JOHANNESBURG WERE LAST NIGHT TORN BY RIOTING ON UNPRECEDENTED SCALE, DURING WHICH FIVE SHOPS WERE SET ON FIRE AND WIDESPREAD LOOTING FOLLOWED. TWO EUROPEAN POLICEMEN AND FOUR AFRICANS WERE INJURED, ACCORDING TO THE OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST.

The Transvaal Indian Organisation today appealed to the South African Premier, Dr. Daniel Malan for military intervention to prevent further riots.

It said it had had reports that "undesirable elements" were organising more riots and urging peaceful Africans to join them. The organisation in an urgent telegram to Dr. Malan, said the riots in the non-European townships of Newclare and Sophia town seriously threatened Indian lives and business.

An official of the Organisation said that Indian and Chinese shopkeepers in the area had been warned that their shops would be "dealt with" tonight. The shopkeepers were busy moving their goods to places of safety.

MAYOR'S EFFORTS

The Mayor of Johannesburg today summoned a meeting of Council officials and department heads to discuss how to cope with the riots in non-European townships. Later he had a talk with the police.

Colonel J. P. Coetzee, Deputy Police Commissioner for the Witwatersrand, today described press reports of last night's violence as "grossly exaggerated". He said the police had not fired a single shot in Newclare, where the riot broke out, and only five Indian shops were burned.

Some shots were fired in Newclare by rioters and "interfering European civilians," he said.

When rioting spread to Sophia town and ambulances and other vehicles were attacked, the police fired several Sten gun-bursts at stone-throwers who could not be seen in the dark.

CASUALITIES

The official casualty list is two European policemen and four Africans injured. The policemen were injured by stones, but not seriously. One African was treated for a bullet wound in the leg and the other three were injured when Europeans wrecked their car in the European suburb of Westdene, which adjoins Sophia town.

Damage to property, according to the official statement was five shopes burnt and two smashed and looted. The loss was estimated at nearly £17,000. Windows of three shops in Sophia town were

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 6)

GAON SABHAS IN U. P.

Uplift Scheme

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 15.

THE Government of Uttar Pradesh is now trying to establish an "ideal" gaon sabha in every tehsil. These will work to promote "mental, spiritual, moral, physical, economic and social uplift of the people."

In order to implement the ideal gaon sabha scheme, a committee will be set up in each district consisting of the President of the District Board, the District Panchayat Officer, the President of the District Congress Committee, the District Inspector of Schools, the District Medical Officer, the District Agricultural Officer, the District Engineer, the District Information Officer, and some others.

The Committee will select a suitable site for the location of the gaon sabha. These ideal centres will be given a 16-point constructive programme. Some of these points are entertainment with moral and educational background, education of adults and children, practical demonstrations in regard to sanitation, disposal of night soil, construction of roads and drains, installation of cane-crushing and fodder-cutting machines.

MAULANA AZAD IN CALCUTTA

Visit To Riot-Affected Areas

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, India's Education Minister, assured the riot-affected refugees at the Park Circus Camp this afternoon that the West Bengal Government were taking and would take every step for the security of the minorities.

Maulana Azad, who arrived here today from Delhi to study the present situation in Calcutta, went round for about two hours the disturbed localities immediately after landing at Dum Dum and later proceeded to Park Circus where a large number of refugees had taken shelter.

The Chief Minister of West Bengal, Dr. B C. Roy and Mr. P. C. Sen, Food Minister, called on the Education Minister shortly after his arrival at Government House and apprised him of the present condition in the city and suburb. Miss Amtus Salam, Mahatma Gandhi's disciple, and Syed Nausher Ali, Member of the Parliament, also met the Maulana at Government House.

West Bengal Congress leaders are meeting the Education Minister tomorrow.—PTI.

Mamdot Enquiry Concludes

LONGEST CASE IN LAHORE COURT

LAHORE, Feb. 15.

THE longest law case to come up for adjudication before the Lahore High Court ended today when Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy concluded his final arguments in defence of the ex-Premier of the Punjab, Khan Iftikar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, before the Special Bench comprised of the Chief Justice, Mr. Mohammed Munir and Mr. Justice Cornelius.

It has not yet been decided whether the Special Bench will deliver its judgment in open court or submit its findings in the form of a report to the Government, nor is it known when the judgment or findings, as the case may be, will be announced. It may take about three weeks or even longer.

The enquiry which first came up before the Special Bench on July 7, 1949 has had 101 hearings spread over about seven months during which time over a thousand documents were exhibited and evidence of 160 witnesses (120 being of prosecution) was recorded on 625 foolscap pages.

It is estimated that the enquiry cost the Khan of Mamdot about Rupees two lakhs, while the Government is estimated to have spent over rupees five lakhs on the enquiry.—PTI-Reuter.

COLLECTIVE FINE IN U. P. VILLAGES

Governor's Decree

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 15.

A Gazette Extraordinary issued by the U. P. Government states that a collective fine of Rs 12,000 has been imposed on ten villages in the police circle of Mohammadabad in Ghazipur district. This action has been taken by the Governor under the U. P. Public Order Act, 1947. Under the same act, the Governor has exempted all such persons from liability to pay any portion of the fine as the District Magistrate of Ghazipur may direct.

The exact causes of the imposition of this collective fine have not been detailed in the Gazette, but Government has recently been worried about the Communist trouble in the eastern districts of Uttar Pradesh.

A conference of C.I.D. and police officers was held recently where it was decided to resort to intensive patrolling by the police and the state's armed constabulary.

The police arrested 80 persons in Ballia district in connection with the clash of Communists with the police on January 26.

Big-3 Talks On Atom?

ATTLEE'S HINT

LINCOLN, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter).

LABOUR Prime Minister Clement Attlee today indicated he was giving serious thought to Winston Churchill's plea last night for Big Three talks on the atom bomb and the 'cold war.'

Speaking to reporters here he said he did not rule out the suggestion made at Edinburgh last night by the Conservative leader. But at the present moment it rested with the United Nations

"It is all a very difficult subject and I cannot make any further pronouncement on it until I have talked the matter over with Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin", the Prime Minister said.

Clement Attlee

But while the Prime Minister was speaking here, Foreign Secretary Mr. Bevin told his constituents at East Woolwich, London, that in his job "he was going to try no stunts of any kind."

The Foreign Secretary said: "I am going to continue talking with and building up agreements between those who will agree, keeping my eye on the necessities of others, and doing what I think is right at the moment."

Sir Stafford Cripps, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, today accused Mr. Churchill of "Guttersnipe Politics" and "blustering and irresponsible vulgarity, which he apparently mistakes for reasoned argument."

He added that Mr Churchill had got the shock of his life in 1945 when he was turned out of office. "He never got over it That is why he has spoken such bitter nonsense about his country, knowing it will be heard all over the world."

TRUMAN'S TERMS FOR BIG 3 MEETING

Venue Only In U. S.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15. (PTI-Reuter): Recent official pronouncements by President Truman and Secretary of State Dean Acheson have made it clear that any "big three" meeting between Marshal Stalin, the American President and the British Premier would have to be in the United States, writes Reuter's correspondent in Washington.

Three other conditions which must be agreed to are that: (1) It shall take place within the framework and in accordance with the principles of the United Nations Charter; (2) It should not be confined to the United States and the Soviet Union if the interests of other countries are affected; (3) It shall not be conducted under duress.

Result Of S. African Talks

CAPETOWN, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The official statement expected tomorrow morning on last week's talks here between South Africa, India and Pakistan on the treatment of Indians and Pakistanis in the Union will be delayed, it was learned here on good authority tonight. The date on which the 'communique' will be issued has not yet been determined.

Rs. 46 Lakhs For Zamindari Abolition Fund From Agra

AGRA, Feb. 15 (UPI): About Rs. 46 lakhs have so far been collected towards the Zamindari Abolition Fund from this district, it is learnt here.

THE DISILLUSIONMENT OF MR. TRUMAN

No Hope Of Peace Pact With Russia, He Says

NEW YORK, February 15, (PTI-Reuter).

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent in Washington asked President Truman this question: "When did you conclude that normal negotiation with the Kremlin was hopless?" Mr. Truman answered he remembered that he went to Potsdam with goodwill towards the Russian people and their rulers.

"But I found that all Stalin wanted to talk about was abrupt cessation of lend-lease; hence the atmosphere was unfavourable to what I had in mind," President Truman added.

President Truman was asked whether he "recalled the hopeful prospect of peace that surrounded you at San Francisco in 1945? What has happened since to bring about deterioration to the point where a member of your Cabinet can say the cold fact is that we are still in a hot war?"

Mr. Truman said that at Potsdam, he planned to offer help for reconstruction, of Russia as well as of the rest of the world, on a very large scale.

He remembered, he added, with pride and sympathy how the Russians had smashed the German armies in the East, and he believed their assistance was necessary to win the war against Japan.

The President said that to abolish lend-lease at the time was a mistake:

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 5).

LARGEST SUN SPOT

LONDON, Feb. 15.

A giant sunspot now visible may interfere with radio communications immediately before and after Britain's general election on February 23, according to scientists here.

An official at Hurstmonceaux, Britain's Number One solar observatory, said they had detected the spot but did not know whether it was growing in size. Other observers described it as "the largest sunspot seen for a considerable time" and forecast that radio communications may be affected on February 21, 22 and 23.—PTI-Reuter.

Finnish President Re-Elected

HELSINKI, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—President Juho Paasikivi was re-elected President of Finland for a further six years term when the college of three hundred electors met this afternoon. He got a majority vote of 171.

Before the vote the Finnish police armed with sabres and revolvers searched Parliament building from top to bottom. A hand-made bomb was thrown at the building yesterday.

BOMBAY → CALCUTTA

(BY DAY— IN COMFORT)

—TEL: 34384—30891— Rs. 195

INDIAN OVERSEAS AIR LINES LTD.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax

@ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM Re. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a pretty match for a South Indian Brahmin Bachelor, aged 29, warrant officer in the Army. Gujarathi or Sindhi preferred. Apply with full particulars. Box No. 1603 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted for Mofussil a smart Steno-typist, knowing independent correspondence and Office routine. Sportsman preferred. Apply Box No. 7145 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Managers, Sub-managers, and Agents for Surat, Broach, Baroda and Central India each Cities and Towns. Apply to Box No 1595 "Bombay Chronicle"

SITUATION WANTED

Young Correspondence Clerk, knowing typing, needs permanent job for immediate engagement. Apply Box No. 1606, Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Career for Ladies—Davar's College—Combine Secretarial (A. C. C. S.) Course with Gregg Shorthand, the easiest Shorthand system ensuring speed of about 100 w.p.m. in about 3 to 4 months. Enrol with fresh classes. 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (1598)

Homoeopathy easily learnt. Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

Jawaharlal's Discovery of America 1950's Greatest Book. Illustrated. Rs. 4.12. City Booksellers, Sohanganj, Delhi. 1540

MEDICAL ADLET

Chitrakot Hills Herbs for Asthma Cure— A most powerful and highly effective world renowned remedy which cures asthma in a single dose. To be taken on 4-3-'50 full moon night. Apply in English or Hindi Swami Darshnanand. Ayurvedashram, Ramghat, P.O. Chitrakot (Banda) U. P. (1600)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga: Post Box No. 119, Baroda. 1537

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and Organisers for selling our products and the remaining Shares of our Company on a monthly remuneration of Rs. 200/- plus commission and T A. Apply—CASCW (India) Ltd. 28, Strand Road, Calcutta. (7144)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

You may open a branch office at Calcutta with a Post Box in your name at a nominal expense of Rs. 25 - per month. Apply: Post Box No. 375, Calcutta. (1609)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC are hereby cautioned against dealing in Certificate No. A. 86474 for 100 shares Nos. 7945951-6050 of Indian Copper Corpn. Ltd., registered in the name of Sri Gajendra Nath De of 46A, Ramesh Mitter Road, Calcutta. Application has been made to the company for the issue of fresh certificate and meanwhile the holder or finder of the above lost certificate should communicate with the undersigned.

(Sd/-) GAJENDRA N. DE.
46A, Ramesh Mitter Rd.
Calcutta. 7159

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDERS for undertaking contracts for (1) Clearing of packages etc., from Docks and Railway Sidings worth about Rs. 70,000 and (2) Excavation work to be carried out on Tramway Tracks worth about Rs. 8,000/-, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, up to noon on the 7th March, 1950.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper on payment of Rs. 5/- per Form, Sales Tax Extra. 7155

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of (10) Ten Tons copper wire D.C.C. S.W.G. Annealed No. 11, 12 and 20 (2) 228 coils cables will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, up to noon on Thursday the 2nd March 1950. 7154

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY POTTERIES & TILES LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, United India Building, Sir Pherozshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay on FRIDAY, the Tenth March, 1950 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 30th September, 1949.
2. To declare a Dividend on First Preference Shares for the year 1948-49 (less income-tax).
3. To declare a Dividend on Second Preference Shares for the year 1948-49 (free of income-tax)
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. K. H. Goregaoker who retires by rotation under Article 103, but being eligible, offers himself, for re-election.
5. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Premchand C. Bhayani who retires by rotation under Article 103, but being eligible, offers himself for re-election.
6. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Jayantilal R. Mehta who retires by rotation under Article 103, but being eligible, offers himself for re-election.
7. To elect Auditors for the year 1949-50 and fix their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 27th February 1950 to 10th March 1950 both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors.
C. J. MOTICHAND & CO.
Managing Agents

Bombay, 15th December, 1949 7151

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY-TENDER

GENERAL MANAGER, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Bombay, invites Tenders for Conducting the Sales by Public Auction of various kinds of Railway Scrap and surplus stores at Mahalaxmi, Ajmer, Dohad, Pratapnagar Stores Depots and other Stations on the Railway by 4 p.m. (S.T.) on 17-3-'50.

Tender form can be had from the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Jacob Circle Mahalaxmi, Bombay 14, on payment of Rs. 5/- per set which amount will not be refundable. Earnest Money of Rs. 5,000/- in Cash is required with the tender. No tender will be considered unless accompanied by banker's reference and Income Tax Clearance Certificate. 7160

NOTICE

BOARD OF INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE, BOMBAY.

ATTENTION of all Registered Medical Practitioners whose names are borne on the Register of Practitioners in Indian Medicine, on 10th February, 1950 is invited to the Notification regarding the ensuing election of six members to the Board of Indian Systems of Medicine, Bombay, appearing in the Bombay Government Gazette, (Part II of 16th February, 1950). Out of the said six members to be so elected, five shall be Ayurvedic Registered Practitioners and one shall be a Unani Registered Practitioner.

(1) Monday, the 27th February 1950, is the last date for receiving nominations of candidates which must be accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 250/-.
(2) Any candidate shall be at liberty to withdraw his candidature on or before the 6th March 1950.
(3) Voting papers will be issued to electors on Saturday the 18th March, 1950.
(4) Voting papers should be returned so as to reach the Returning Officer not later than 12 noon, on Monday the 10th April 1950.
(5) Counting of votes will begin at 1 p.m. on 10th April 1950.

R. P. KARWE
Returning Officer

Esplanade Mansion,
1st Floor,
144 Mahatma Gandhi Road,
Bombay: 14th February, 1950. (7160)

Distributor for Bombay:
MARCONI ENGINEERING CO.,
75, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
For unrepresented areas write to:
Manufacturers
CALCUTTA ELECTRIC LAMP WORKS LTD.,
3, Mangoe Lane,
CALCUTTA, 1.

OUR MADRAS NEWSLETTER:

ADULT EDUCATION WEEK IN MADRAS

550 Schools To Be Started This Year

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
MADRAS, (By Air Mail).

MADRAS celebrated the Adult Education Week between the 3rd and the 10th of February. The week was organised in order to give a drive to the adult education work in the state, and it must be agreed that the opportunity was fully utilised. Throughout the state there was considerable enthusiasm in the observance of the week and the response from the public to the meetings and other functions arranged in that connection, was extremely encouraging.

In Madras, the week was inaugurated by the Governor, the Maharaja of Bhavnagar, who stressed the obligation imposed on the state under the new Constitution to provide facilities for the education of all the citizens of the country. He related that obligation to the provision for adult franchise incorporated in the Constitution and pointed out that the successful operation of the adult suffrage scheme depended on the success of efforts to "educate our masters".

"The whole concept of democracy" he said, "falls to the ground unless you have an educated electorate". In Madras State alone, the strength of the electorate under adult franchise would be 26 millions, but the percentage of literacy among the people is only 8.1. There is thus a tremendous gap to be filled up.

The Maharaja emphasised the need for adopting the programme of "each one teach one". There was also the great need to adopt teaching methods which would be suitable to the class of people who had to be taught and their environmental conditions.

Mr. Madhava Menon, Minister for Education, referring to the Government's adult education programme, stated that there are already 400 adult schools functioning within the State and 550 more schools are proposed to be started during the current year. Finance was an important impediment in the promotion of education among adults.

The Madras Government, however, have budgeted for an expenditure of Rs. 1,57,000 during the year and an equal amount would be contributed by the Central Government. The Government have appointed two honorary Directors of Adult Education for the State, one fo. the Telugu and the other for the Tamil districts, and they propose to enlist the services of college students and rural libraries. They are also considering a proposal to accord preference in recruitment to Government service to those dents who participate in the pron ion of the scheme.

POLITICAL CONFERENCE

After the lapse of quite a number of years, a political conference was held in Madras city last week-end. It is the Tamil Nad Political Conference, over which Mr. Annamalai Pillai, M.L.A., one of the oldest Congress workers in the South, presided. The conference had the distinction of being inaugurated by Mr. Sheikh Abdullah, Premier of the Kashmir State, and its importance consists in its being held at the beginning of a new era in the country's history.

Sheikh Abdullah's speech from the conference platform contained nothing new, and being pre-occupied with the problems confronting his own state, he more or less confined the whole of his address to a review of the Kashmir question. His anxiety over that issue was clearly evident from the fact that when he was questioned on his arrival in Madras what his reaction was to the debate on Kashmir in the Security Council, he replied that "it was to be back in Kashmir as soon as possible".

Mr. Pillai's address was mainly concerned with the immediate future and he was anxious that the Congress should gird up its loins and prepare for the coming elections. He wanted the Congress organisations to be strengthened; he urged that funds should be collected for carrying on the election campaign; and he emphasised the consideration that the services of the younger generation should be enlisted for Congress work.

He wanted the Congress-labour relations to be placed on a strong and firm footing. He wanted the services of teachers in the villages to be mobilised and utilised for the promotion of the party programme and party organisation.

On the question of the Andhra, Mr. Annamalai Pillai was rather bitter. He was particularly critical of the attitude of Mr. Prakasam and his advisers, who he said did not appreciate the "helpful and friendly" attitude of the non-Andhra section of the Partition Committee.

INDIA AND JAPAN

Mr. K. K. Chettur, Joint Secretary of the Commerce Department of the Government of India, who has been appointed Political Representative of the Government of India in Japan, halted in Madras for a few days on his way to Japan. In the course of a talk, he stated that there were about 2,000 Indians in Japan, mostly in Tokyo, Yokohama and Osaka, and a majority of them are in business and hail from Gujarat and Sind.

Mr. Chettur explained that the standard of living of Indians in Japan was high and the Indian problem there was not a labour problem as in other countries. The safeguarding of the interests of these Indian nationals and the promotion of trade between India and Japan, would form the main work of the Indian representative.

Mr. Chettur pointed out that in respect of cottage industries, in which Japan was very much advanced, there was much that she could do to help India and India could learn much from her. As understood in Japan, "cottage industries" do not mean that they are industries worked without mechanical power or electrical energy. Industry in that country was completely decentralised and mechanical and electrical power is used in running it. It is a direction in which cottage industries in India could be organised with profit. He recalled that nine Japanese cottage industry experts are already in this country to advise the Government on the organisation of cottage industries.

Referring to the economic conditions in Japan, Mr. Chettur pointed out that post-war recovery in that country has been rapid and remarkable, and even now everything is manufactured in that country including locomotives and electrical machinery.

TRANSPORT CORPORATION

Madras would shortly have a statutory Transport Corporation to manage the Government transport services in the State if the report of the Expert Committee appointed by the Government to enquire into the working of the Government transport organisation is accepted.

The Committee was appointed in July 1949, and it presented its final report last week. In its earlier reports, the committee made comprehensive recommendations touching all aspects of the transport services in the city, including technical matters. A bill to constitute a Road Transport Corporation is now before the Indian Parliament, and it is hoped, as soon as that legislation is adopted, the Madras Government would also introduce legislation to constitute a statutory corporation for this State. The report of the Expert Committee is now being examined by the Government.

Tributes To An Educationist

(From Our Correspondent).
KARWAR, (By Mail).

Tributes were paid to the services rendered by Mr. V. V. Divekar, the retiring Headmaster of the Government High School, Karwar, to the cause of education for the last 32 years as teacher, on the occasion of a function held at Karwar, on Friday, to bid him farewell. Mr. M. G. Kasbekar, President of the Karwar Municipality presided.

Mr. G. S. Naik, till recently Head Clerk at the Rationing Office, Karwar has been suspended from service on the charge of falsefying accounts. It is alleged that Mr. Naik used to draw sugar by producing such ration-cards as were received in the Rationing Office for any adjustments of food-grain units in the cards, by delaying the reissue of these to the Card-holders. Further investigations, it is learnt, are proceeding.

Madhya Bharat Notes

(From Our Correspondent)
INDORE, Feb. 14

PARLIAMENT BY-ELECTIONS: The Madhya Bharat Congress Committee has invited applications upto February 23 from persons desiring to be Congress candidates for five vacant seats in the Indiar Parliament from Madhya Bharat. It has also invited similar applications for a few vacant seats of the provincial legislature. The PCC, it is reported, has already received over 60 applications for the Parliament seats.

DEMAND FOR PROHIBITION: The people of the 39 villages of Madhya Pradesh, now merged in Madhya Bharat, have demanded immediate introduction of prohibition in those villages. Prohibition was already in force there before the villages were merged in Madhya Bharat.

LIQUOR PRICES REDUCED: In order to check the production of illicit liquor in Jhabua district, the Madhya Bharat Government has reduced the prices of country liquor in that district, according to a press note.

V. P. MENON AT INDORE: Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary to the States Ministry arrived at Indore on February 10 and is staying with the Maharaja of Indore. The reason of his visit is not known.

I.N.T.U.C. MEETING: A meeting of the working committee of the INTUC will be held on February 25 and 26 at Delhi. Mr. Ramsingh Verma, President of the C.I. Committee of the INTUC has been specially invited to attend the meeting. This meeting will decide the venue and dates of the next session of the Congress.

HARIJAN SAMMELAN: The Ratlam District Harijan Sammelan was held last week at Ringnia under the presidentship of Mr. T. D. Pustake. Mr. Vaijnath Mahodaya inaugurated the Sammelan which adopted 14 resolutions concerning the Harijans.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS CRITICISED: Public meetings were held on February 12 at Indore and Ujjain when protest was lodged against the order of the Madhya Bharat Government exterming Mr. Baleshwar Dayal and Mr. Keshavchandra of the Madhya Bharat Kisan Panchayat from six districts of Madhya Bharat.

MAIZE PRODUCTION: The acreage under maise cultivation in Madhya Bharat is estimated to be 4,70,031 acres for 1949-50.

FOOD PROCUREMENT: The food department of the Madhya Bharat Government procured about 2,50,000 maunds of wheat, 1,50,000 maunds of juar and 40,000 maunds of rice during December-January last.

POWER ALCOHOL PRODUCTION: The Madhya Bharat Government is considering a plan for producing 5,00,000 gallons of power alcohol.

Mr. & Mrs. Bata.

New Methods In Shoemaking

Mr. BATA COMING WITH BLUE-PRINTS

Mr. Thomas J. Bata, President, Bata Limited, son and successor of the late founder of the world wide Bata organisation, is arriving in India at the middle of February, on his return jonrney from a business tour across 28 countries in four Continents. He is accompanied by his wife, and technical and administrative advisers. Along with them are Mr. John F. Bartos, Managing Director and Mr. M. L. Khaitan, Chairman, Board of Directors of the Indian Bata Company.

During his 22 days stay in India Mr. Bata and his party will meet, besides Bata Officials, the representatives of the Central and Provincial Governments, representatives of the various shoe, leather and rubber industries, and Shoe Distributors' Association. He is carrying with him the portfolios containing blue-prints of new methods and processes in shoemaking. These include a new production process which increases the life of children's shoes by many months, and details of developments which practically eliminate stitching from footwear.

Mr. Bata will also introduce here a plan for selection of likely young men of India for training in Europe as top technicians and executives. Those chosen will be sent for courses at the Bata Industrial Training Colleges set up in England, France and Holland.

Thomas John Bata was born in Zlin, Czechoslovakia in 1914. On completion of his studies in the local school, his father, who planned a careful and strict training for him, sent him for higher studies in England and Switzerland.

Thomas Bata started to learn the shoe business in Swiss and Czechoslovakian factories and mastered the operations of every improved type of machines as a workman. Finally he graduated in the Shoemakers' Guild as a master craftsman.

THE NUCLEUS

The sudden death of his father in the plane crash in July 1932 was a great shock to him. After his studies he went again to England to put his knowledge into practice by development of the Bata Shoe Company at Tilbury. At the outbreak of the war he was in Canada where he created a new Bata manufacturing unit which was destined to play an important part in Canada's war production scheme. Mr. Bata himself joined the Canadian army where he gained the rank of a Captain.

The war broke the link between the parent Bata factory in Zlin and the Bata Companies in various countries of the world. From the year 1940, Mr. Bata led the units of Bata organisations in every country of the free world which have an outstanding record in this respect.

In December, 1943 Mr. Bata called to Canada all the heads of the Bata organisations all over the world for a conference to consult the stabilisation and progress of the Bata units. As a result of this conference a unique Bata organisation was formed.

Accordingly, the Bata Shoe Companies in each country are independent and self managed units. But they are benefited by the exchange of ideas, improvements, discoveries and other technical advices by the rest of the Bata organisation.

These exchanges of ideas are made through the central advisory and research organisation in Canada, and in London, named The Bata Development Limited, headed by Thomas Bata. Since no individual Bata Company or any shoe factory on the earth can be self-sufficient in production of hundreds of different types of complicated machineries and equipments the Bata organisation helps itself in such a way that each unit or factory in individual countries produces certain types of machinery for its own consumption, and exchanges for other types manufactured by other companies.

The practical result is that the Bata enterprises in individual countries are in a position to utilise for the benefit of the people the latest improvements in shoemaking, and distribution all over the world.

INTEGRATING INDIAN RAILWAY SYSTEMS

Decisions Reached

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Feb. 14.

As has already been declared by the President in his address to Parliament, decision has been reached to integrate the Railway systems of India into one unified administration. On a specified date all existing administrative systems of Indian Railways will disappear, yielding place to one system to be called Indian Railways.

The country thereafter will be divided into regions each in charge of a Regional Authority. Instead of more than one administrative unit functioning at present, say at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, there will be one authority only administering the Railway system within its own region.

Increased efficiency and economy in administration by elimination of duplications are expected to result from the proposed reorganisation.

TRANSPORT BOTTLENECK OVER ON RAILWAYS

A.I.C.C. Review Calls For More Economies

NEW DELHI, Feb. 14, (UPI).

THE emerging of a substantial net surplus and abolition of the priority system indicate the removal of transport bottleneck, observes the latest fortnightly economic review of the A.I.C.C. in the leading article "Our Railway Finance."

It stresses that the tax payers who are the sole share-holders of the railway concern, having as big a revenue as Rs. 210 crores, should examine in the light of the last convention and the recommendation of the Indian Railway Enquiry Committee, 1948, the scope for further economies.

Referring to the high ratio of operating cost, the review suggests that in addition to the three funds—Revenue Reserve Fund, Development Fund and Depreciation Reserve Fund—there should be an Amortisation Fund by contributing one per cent of gross earnings every year so that approximately Rs. 68 crores worth of intangible assets which do not earn anything but cause the railways heavy interest charges may be liquidated.

LABOUR CHECKS

Further economies may be possible, according to the review, on the civil engineering as well as mechanical engineering sides, through better and more effective check over gang labour, permanent as well as temporary, in the matter of track maintenance, use of a suitable check system upon the fuel bill which is approximately 12 per cent of the total expenses, better direction and management of workshops and introduction of job analysis and unit cost in the working of such shops.

STORES ORGANISATION

Referring to the stores organisation, the review takes a critical view of the present arrangement of the stores purchase by the Ministry of Industry and Supply and suggests a lightening of the cost of stores organisation in the different railways and the stores balance, inasmuch as, it points out, every additional crore of rupees locked up in stores means an additional payment of about Rs. 4 lakhs as interest.

On the side of the financial organisation of the railways, the review suggests more effective check by the Standing Finance Committee and better co-ordination between the General Managers and the Financial Advisers of the railways so that the latter might take a collective review of the financial position of each railway and may exercise a back check of expectation with actual results.

Small-Pox Increase In City

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The incidence of small-pox in the State of Bombay was on the increase during the week ending February 4, with 531 cases and 101 deaths, according to an official report. There were 304 attacks and 43 deaths in the previous week.

During the same week there were seven cases of polio-mvelitis in the State, two of them being in Bombay City.

DADA PHADKE

Lest We Forget

Homage To A Pioneer

DADASAHEB PHALKE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

On Wednesday Feoruary 15 falls the fourth death anniversary of Dadasaheb Phalke, the father and founder of the Film Industry in India.

In 1911 a young man who was a painter, writer, artist, magician and still photographer went to see the film "Life of Christ". And he was so impressed by it, that he saw it again and again and decided to make a picture in India.

He bought a book entitled A B C of Cinematography and later in 1912 he went to England to bring the first movie camera in India. His first film which was only 50 feet long was "Growth Of A Plant".

The first full length picture he made was "Raja Harischandra". Since then he made 125 silent pictures and some talkie films. His last picture was "Gangavataran" In 1939, when the first motion picture congress was held in Bombay to mark the Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the film industry, a purse was presented to him.

Since then Dadasaheb had to lead a rather insecure life and he died on February 15, 1946.

KARWAR, Feb. 14 (PTI): Mr. Krishnarao R Halidpurkar, President of the Karwar Rotary Club, died here last night after a brief illness at the age of 56. A prominent lawyer, Mr. Halidpurkar was a member of the Karnatak University Committee and District Commissioner of Hindustan Scouts.

Clever Ladies

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 15.

A REPORT from Kanpur says that four young ladies, gaily dressed, cheated a silk merchant of Kanpur of cloth worth thousands of rupees. The ladies pulled up in a car before the shop and examined many silk pieces in the shop. Then they selected numerous sarees of various designs and colour and told the silk merchant that they would take them home and consult their family members before making a final selection. As a surety, they left the fourth young lady with a child in her arms. The unsuspecting merchant allowed them to take away goods for final selection and approval at their home.

After some time, the lady who was in the shop said she wanted to go to the bath-room and was directed downstairs. She, however, left her child sleeping in the shop. She did not return even after a considerable lapse of time, and the merchant was uneasy. He turned to the child which was lying motionless. Was it dead? On uncovering the child, it was found to be perfect model of wax. Of the four well-dressed ladies, there was no sign.

2 SUKKUR TRADERS DONE TO DEATH

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb 14. According to information reachin here from Sukkur (Sind), two members of the minority community who were having their stall in the local Fruit market, were done to death as they refused to hand over possession of their stall to the refugees. One of the shopkeepers died on the spot while the other succumbed to his injuries in the hospital.

This incident has naturally created much apprehension in the minds of very few Hindus still left in that town and they have approached the higher authorities for proper protection.

A WARNING TO VAIDS

Research Needed, Says Bihar Chief Minister

ARRAH (Bihar) February (PTI) Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Chief Minister of Bihar, yesterday said that no amount of State patronage could help the vaidyas (Ayurvedic Practitioners) unless they made researches and improved their system of treatment to bring it at par with the other systems of medicine of the world.

Inaugurating the Bihar State Vaidya Sammelan, the Chief Minister said that the Vaidyas had to deal with human lives. They could become popular only if they improved their efficiency and the efficiency of the system of medicine they practised.

R. K. Patil Compliments Bombay Rationing

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 15. (PTI): Mr. R. K. Patil, India's Food Production Commissioner, last night complimented the Rotary Club for having held its meetings without the usual dinner.

Addressing the club, Mr. Patil said that he did not know that the rationing laws were "enforced so strictly in the Bombay State." He added: "It is a tribute to the Government of Bombay. The food problem should be closely related to the day-to-day existence of the people."

Pakistan Retaliates

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Feb. 14: Since the Government of India have refused permission to Pakistan registered ships to ply on the Indian coast, the Government of Pakistan have also planned retaliatory measures in this connection.

As a first step in this direction, they have issued orders to the effect that only those ships which will be permitted by the Ministry of Commerce, Government of Pakistan, can load salt for Chittagong port henceforth. It has been made clear in this respect that ships owned by companies registered in Pakistan alone will be given such permission.

FIGHT AGAINST LEPROSY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council in an effort to tackle the scourge of leprosy, have decided to devote one morning of their forthcoming annual conference to the discussion of this subject. Dr R. G. Cochrane, M.D., F.R.C.P., the Consultant Leperologist and Director of Leprosy Research in Madras will give a lecture on "The Modern Developments in Leprosy with special reference to Social Implications" at the Convocation Hall on Monday February 20, at 11 a.m. under the Presidentship of Dr M. D. D. Gilder, M.D., Health Minister to the Government of Bombay.

Digitized by Maharashtra State Archives
Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" KEEPS YOU FIT AND LIVELY

Efficient people don't allow themselves to be hampered by digestive upsets. That's why so many use ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" to clear impurities from the blood and poisonous wastes from the body. Possessing the qualities of fresh, ripe fruit, ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" purifies the system in a gentle, natural way. Keep a bottle handy always.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" FOR GOOD HEALTH

Sold in bottles for lasting freshness.

The words "ENO" and "FRUIT SALT" are Registered Trade Marks.

Face the New Day with New ENERGY...

To maintain good health, sound sleep is *essential*. Body, brain and nerves rely on to-night's sleep for to-morrow's new supply of physical and mental vigour.

Because 'Ovaltine' helps to provide this restorative sleep, it is known as the "World's Best Nightcap". It ensures that composure which is a necessary prelude to quiet slumber, and, while you sleep, creates new strength and energy for the coming day.

'Ovaltine' is a concentrated extraction combining the vitalizing, energy-giving properties of ripe barley malt, pure creamy milk and specially prepared cocoa, together with natural phosphatides and vitamins.

Start taking the "World's Best Nightcap" to-night. Avoid substitutes—there is only one 'Ovaltine'.

Distributors: Grahams Trading Co. (India) Ltd., 16 Bank Street, Bombay, also at Calcutta & Madras.

'OVALTINE'

With the flavour you'll enjoy!

O.399

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Magh Vad 30, 2006.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 28, 1369
Parsi: Shehrever 17, 1319
Sunrise: 7-7 a.m.
Sunset: 6-40 p.m.
Hightide: 00-02, 11-53.
Lowtide: 06-19, 18-00.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: General meeting at the Corporation Hall, 3-40 p.m.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE: Special meeting after the Corporation meeting.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY: Mr. Shapur F. Desai's lecture on "The survival value of the Parsi—a socio anthropological approach", at the Town Hall, 6 p.m. Sir Cowasji Jehangir presiding.

"BRAINS TRUST": At YMCA, Wodehouse Road, 6-30 p.m. Panel: Rev. Father J. Dhur, Mr. Wayne M. Hartwell, Dr. C. B. S. Lakshmanan and Dr. Narayanaswami Naidu.

MAHATMA'S PORTRAIT: Unveiling ceremony at the Royal Institute of Science by the Governor of Bombay at 5 p.m.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL: Annual conference and exhibition and sale of work by Women's Home Industries Depot. Opening ceremony by Mrs. Timberlake at the University Convocation Hall, 5-30 p.m.

THE PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Dr. Lanka Sundaram's lecture on "Foreign policy of India" at Greens Hotel, 6 p.m.

J. KRISHNAMURTI: Discourses every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday. Place: Sunderabai Hall Terrace, Queens Road, Time: 6 p.m. 6 p.m.

INDIAN INSTITUTE FOR EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL CO-OPERATION: Talk by Prof. Rolf Henki, well-known author on "The study of comparative literature" at Government Law College, near Churchgate Station,

B.P.C.C. SUB-OFFICE AT DADAR

Patil Performs Opening Ceremony

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Declaring open the B.P.C.C., Sub-office at Dadar, Mr. S. K. Patil, B.P.C.C., President pointed out that constructive work done by the Congress in the past, was mainly responsible for the freedom of India, and as such it was the bounden duty of all Congressmen to help in consolidating the freedom.

He deprecated the tendency on the part of the public, of late, to blame the Congress and the Congress Governments, for anything and everything forgetting that such responsibility really rested on a number of extraneous circumstances over which neither of them had any control.

It would be in national interests if the critics were fair in their criticisms, and considered all the factors which were responsible for the defects and deficiencies in matters of public importance.

He also blamed Congress Workers who had become lethargic and apathetic due to such criticisms. There was no need to lose heart, and the occasion called for redoubled efforts and sacrifices. The Congress Workers, could do nothing better, than to follow the noble teachings of Mahatma Gandhi, and keep in their forefront the high ideals the Mahatma enunciated and practised all his life. He exhorted them to give up taking interest in power politics.

Mr. Patil, at another function held at the G.D.C.C., office unveiled a portrait of Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the First President of the Indian Republic, and paid him glowing tributes.

FIGHT AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS

Plan For Clinics In Gujerat

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Consumptive Home Society, Bombay has appealed to the people of Bombay to help them in eradicating Tuberculosis in the province.

The Society which was established in 1907 is planning to extend its activities in the districts of Gujerat by establishing:

(1) a T. B. clinic in every town with a population of 50,000 and above;
(2) additional T.B. beds in the existing medical and T.B. Institute with the consent of the authorities;
(3) A centrally situated hundred-bed hospital or a sanatorium capable of expansion later on into a 150-200-250 beds;
(4) Convalescent homes for ambulent and quiescent patients to be run on a co-operative basis by the patients themselves;
(5) The gradual development of a full-fledged industrial T.B. colony and
(6) separate segregation homes for patients in advanced stages.

In this mission of mercy, the Society counts on the generous support of the industrial magnates of the city, the public, the Provincial Government and the Tuberculosis Association of India, New Delhi.

The Society have appealed for contributions for membership of the society —annual or life, as well as donations. They may be sent to (1) Phiroze F. Taraporewalla (Hon. Treasurer of the Society) at New Book Company, Hornby Road, Bombay 1; (2) Jal M. Dotiwala (Hon. Secretary) C/o. Messrs. P. C. Hansotia and Co. Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay; and (3) Dr. F. S. Master, L.M. & S. 66, Parsi Colony, Dadar, Bombay 14.

BAO DAI GETTING POPULAR

Viet Nam Envoy On His Mission

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Do Hung, Bao Dai's personal envoy to India, said here today that following the recognition of Communist China and Ho Chi Minh Governments by Soviet Russia, he was "afraid that Communist infiltration will spread shortly to South-East Asia."

Do Hung has arrived in Bombay from New Delhi on a five-day visit to the city. He described the visit as a "purely private and personal one".

The 55-year-old envoy told the Press Trust of India: "I understand that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister, declared recently that he would neither recognise Bao Dai's Government nor Ho Chi Minh Government for the present, and that he would watch the developments in the Viet-Nam situation. I may say that there is no Ho Chi Minh Government in Viet Nam except in the jungles."

Do Hung said he had been in India's capital for the last two months on a good-will visit He added he had been deputed by his Government to get in touch with the External Affairs Minihtry of the Government of India and develop personal contacts with it. He expected to return to Saigon towards the end of this month to report to Bao Dai on his visit.

Referring to the Bao Dai Government, Do Hung said: "Since the French Government's transfer of power in Viet Nam to Bao Dai, the state of Viet Nam has achieved independence. We control about 16 millions out of a total popuiation of 22 1/2 millions and day by day the Bao Dai Government is securing more and more adherents."

BRITISH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS CORPORATION: Party to Sir Frank Whittle, the pioneer of jet propulsion and Jet Adviser to BOAC, at Taj, at 5-45 p.m.

LEFT FOR GENEVA

Miss E. Hamilton, Research Assistant ILO, left Bombay by air Wednesday for Geneva.

THUNDERSHOWERS IN MALABAR

All-India Weather

POONA, Feb. 15 (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday.

Yesterday's western disturbance lies this morning over the south-east Punjab and west Uttar Pradesh and has caused local light showers in the hills of the East Punjab and of west Uttar Pradesh. It is likely to pass away. There have also been local thundershowers in Malabar.

Night temperatures were below normal over the country outside the Madras Presidency and Mysore and were markedly so in north-east India, the east Central Provinces and in and near the north-west Central Provinces.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THURSDAY EVENING: There will be local light showers in and near the hills of west Uttar Pradesh and of the East Punjab and a few showers in Mysore and Malabar.

Night temperatures will fall in Rajasthan, Madhya Bharat and west Uttar Pradesh and continue without appreciable change elsewhere.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from December 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on Wednesday.

Ahmedabad 83 55 00 minus 0.1 Ambala 67 44 0 4.1 plus 0.5 Bangalore 84 63 0 0 minus 0.7, Baroda 87 53 0 0 minus 0.1 Belgaum 88 57 00 minus 0.5 BOMBAY 82 63 0 0 minus 0.3, Calcutta 79 51 0 0 minus 1.1, Darjeeling 43 31 0 1.7 plus 0 2 Delhi 72 43 0 0.6 minus 1.3 Hyderabad (Dn.) 88 58 0 0 minus 0.7, Jubbulpore 85 47 0 0 minus 1.7, Kolhapur 89 57 0 0, Lucknow 75 43 0 2.1 plus 0 5 Madras 85 68 0 0.5 minus 6.6 Mahabaleshwar 77 57 0 0 minus 0.5, Mussorie 48 30 0 5.7 minus 1.0 Nagpur 84 53 0 0.7 minus 0.9, Negapatam 82 77 0.2 minus 12.1, Ootacamund 68 47 0 0 minus 3 1, Patna 74 47 0 0.5 minus 0.8, Patiala 64 48 0 3.3 - -, Poona 89 52 0 0 minus 0.3, Rajkot 83 55 0 0 minus 0.2, Sholapur 92 59 0 0 minus 0.6, Simla 42 31 T 7.3 plus 1.9, Surat 87 55 0 0 minus 0.3, Vizagapatam 87 67 0 0.1 minus 1.5.

Government House News

BOMBAY, Feb. 15.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. N. Roy of Mauritius, Shri Shankara Menon and Miss Nancy Froemming came to lunch.

The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh attended Rukmini Devi's dance recital at Government House.

CONCEPT OF BASIC EDUCATION

Mr. Kher Explains Significance

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"If even a single boy or girl remains idle, it is a loss to the nation", observed Shri B. G. Kher, the Chief Minister, presiding over the Prize Distribution Ceremony at the Municipal High School at Malegaon on February 14. He added that India does lack intellect but that it must be properly channalised and diverted to productive purposes.

Explaining the significance of basic education, the Chief Minister asserted that the very concept of basic education is a revolutionary one. The children learn from the environment and if they are taught through activity and actual experience, their mental as well as physical powers would be properly developed, they would be trained for their future life and education would thus be socially useful Sri Kher also emphatically stressed the need of placing noble ideals before the children, since they are future electors under the new constitution and thus the ultimate rulers of the country.

TODAY'S RADIO

THURSDAY, Feb. 16.

Air News From Delhi

English—8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6, 9; Gujarati 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. 6-10 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m. 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m.; Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m. 2 p.m. 7-15 p.m.; Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee, 7-35 Physical education, 7-40 Today's programme, 7-45 S. Bhatt and party garbigeet, 8-15 Manik Varma, kh.v.d., 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 S. Bhatt's party, garbigeet, 1-40 Dancing time, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 5-20 R. S. Bijoor, sarangi, 5-30 For children, 6-10 Naghma, on rabab and sitar, 6-20 M. B. Kalyani, vocal, 6-40 P. S. Dixit, shamsalyan, 7-0 Day's topic, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 M. B. Kalyani, vocal, 7-30 C. K. Bhatumbreker, vocal, 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 "Santati niyaman", G. talk, 8-45 M. Randeria, "Julius Caesar", G, 9-15 M. Khan, tabla, 9-30 Film Songs, 9-45 Sports review, 10-0 G. Lester, violincello, 10-30 D. Matthewsm, Beethoven, VARIATIONS—8-0 a.m. sarangi, 8-45 P. S. Dixit, bhavgeet, 1-0 p.m. "Ojaswini" selections, 1-30 Geet Manjari, 1-50 For women, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 6-0 G. K. Bhatumbreker, vocal, 6-20 For rural listeners, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 P. S. Dixit, bhavgeet, 9-0 G. Y. Yellapurkar, K. songs, 10-0 Manik Verma, kh.v.d.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda, 7-40 Physical education, 7-45 H. Nakshigara, bhajan, 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 8-30 P. Shinde, kh. bilawal, 8-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 5-45 H. Nakshigara, ramban vagya, 6-10 Hindi lessons, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 As in Ahmedabad, 7-15 P. T. Munishi, news review, 7-30 R. C. Khan, sarangi, 7-45 K. Jadhav, khayal, 8-0 Geet lahri, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 P. Shinde, khayal, 8-45 As in Ahmedabad, 9-30 A. Hussan, khayal, 9-45 V. Potkar, kh. des.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 K. D. Makwana, dilruba, 7-40 Physical education, 7-45 P. D. Pota's party, garbo, 8-15 Raag sangeet, 8-30 As in Baroda, 8-30 p.m. K. Makwana, dilruba, 5-45 As in Baroda, 6-10 Hindi lessons, 6-30 P. D. Pota's party, geets, 6-45 K. Makwana, dilruba, 7-0 Lest you forget, G. 7-15 P. T. Munshi, news review, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 P. D. Pota's party, geets, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 As in Ahmedabad, 8-4' Gandhi, kavya sangeet, 9-30 As in Baroda.

Reception To Bishop Leo D'Mello

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Catholics of the Archdiocese of Bombay will accord on Sunday a reception to the Rt. Rev. Dr. Leo D'Mello.

1925 1950

BUSINESS OVER RS. 7½ CRORES

ASSETS OVER RS. 1½ CRORES

The ANDHRA INSURANCE CO. LTD.
H. O. MASULIPATAM.
Branch office.
12, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay 1.
Sub-Office: Ramdev Galli, Belgaum.

SISTA'S-AIN(S)-1

World famous GERMAN MADE
ADLER
OVERLOCK MACHINES
for Hosiery Factories
Available from limited ready stock
Apply.
PEDNEKAR & CO. LTD.
172, Girgaum Road Bombay 4.

BOMBAY CALLS IT GREAT PRAKASH'S Marital Comedy
SHADI-KI-RAAT
GEETABALI, REHMAN, VIJAYALAXMI and AROON
Director: YESHWANT PETKAR
Music: PT. GOBINDRAM
SUPER
3-30, 6-30, 9-30: Sun. 12-30
Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 3-30 to 7
An EVERGREEN Release

Tomorrow!
GRAND OPENING At 5 Theatres
KISHORE SAHU'S Sweet Social
RIM JHIM
AMOLA, KISHORE SAHU, MUBARAK
ROXY 3, 6 & 9-15 P.M.
Advance: 9-30 to 12 & 4 to 6
Also at
JAIHIND, SURYA LIDO, ALLWIN KAPOORCHAND Release

ANJIT'S Social Hit
GARIBI
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
Booking: 10 to 8
LIBERTY

One Full Week Only
FROM
Tomorrow 17th Feb.
SHANTARAM'S First Picture In TAMIL
Num-Nadu
DIRECTED BY
V. SHANTARAM
AT
PLAZA
(DADAR)
Daily 3-15, 6-15, 9-15
Mat. Sat., Sun. 12 p. m.

The Pulse Of The City

BURNT: The sari of Ranibai Behru, who had become lethargic and apathefire while she was lifting a bucket of boiling water from her 'segree'. She was burnt to death.

DEATH ON FOOTPATH: B. Patwardhan, a footpath astrologer, died on the pavement adjacent to Tulsi Pipe Road. Cause still not known but no foul play suspected.

FATAL LEAP: Jamnadas Chapsey, 35-year-old businessman, jumped out from the fourth floor of his residence, Chapsey Building, Princess Street. Chronic ill-health is stated to be the cause of the fatal act.

WELCOMED: Mr. Khatau G. Dayal, President of the Western India Automobile Association welcomed the introduction of Auto-Rickshaws, as an addition to the City's transport amenities.

FIRE; Two running BEST tram cars caught fire, Wednesday. One at Phydhonie post Office and the other at Mohammed Ali Road. In both the cases the electric motor and wiring caught fire while the trams were in motion. The Fire Brigade which was immediately called in put out the fire. Both the trams were rendered temporarily unserviceable. No passengers got injured.

HEALTH: While no case of cholera was recorded in the State of Bombay during the week ended February 4, last the incidence of small-pox was on the increase. Vaccination work has been intensified in the affected areas. During the same period there were two cases of plague and seven of polio.

DISPUTE: The dispute between Messrs Larsen and Toubro Limited and their workmen has been referred to the Industrial Tribunal for adjudication. The workers demand more dearness allowance and increased scale of pay.

UNVEILED: Mr. S. K. Patil, President B.P.C.C., unveiled the portrait of India's President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad at the office of the "D" Ward District Congress Committee on Wednesday.

SMUGGLING: Smugglers, it appears, are bringing large quantities of meat from Kalyan to the Slaughter House at Kurla from where the stuff is stealthily transported into the City in smaller parcels. To stop this smuggling the outwitted and outnumbered Municipal Preventive staff has sought the help and co-operation of the railway authorities. The Municipal authorities feel that the smuggling could be effectively checked if train travel facilities were totally denied to them for carrying on their unlawful trade. It is suggested that meat should not be allowed to be carried or loaded in trains and that the Railway Police and Watch and Ward men should apprehend passengers offending against the ban.

Invest in NATIONAL SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Obtainable from Post Offices, Authorized Agents and Savings Bureaux.

Issued by the Ministry of Finance Govt. of India, New Delhi

AC.74

The Bombay Chronicle

PUBLIC SECURITY

The Bombay Government has sought a three-year extension of its Public Security Measures. There are minor amendments in the new Bill, correcting matters that were found defective in the working of the earlier Act. The opportunity has been afforded by the change from Dominionhood to republican status. What has to be considered is whether such an Act is necessary and whether the provisions of the Act are reasonable. No one can deny that the Act is a detraction from Democracy an admission that we are a democracy in the making rather than a full-fledged democracy. But we cannot ignore the fact either that our own shortcomings necessitate the provision of such legislation. On communal matters alone, there is much to be done to justify a claim to being democratic. Despite conditions which virtually call for an abandonment of communal politics, there are elements in the country which cling to them desperately. Their power to achieve anything is doubtful but their potential for mischief is incalculable. Similarly, the tactics pursued by the Communists make it clear that in their desire to cause maximum embarrassment to the Government they will stop at nothing. The question of whether a Democratic Government should discard democratic principles in resisting totalitarian parties is academic. We all know that in the West failure to defend Democracy in the past has been not for want of power but for neglect in exercising powers for essential defence. And in India, the arguments for a similar course of action, or rather inaction, are rendered even more absurd because on another equally basic issue, non-violence, our Governments have not allowed ideological hair-splitting to paralyse their effective arm. The only issue that remains is whether the resort to public security special measures helps or hinders the progress of Democracy. If it leads to greater and greater reliance on emergency and special laws, then it is to be condemned. It must be considered as a prop which must be discarded after a while when the Government can come forward and say that, thanks to the judicious application of the measures and to the educational steps carried out by the Government, the Security Act is no longer necessary. In the light of this requirement, the three-year extension should be altered to a limit set naturally by the holding of General Elections and the functioning of a representative legislature. Most calculations are based on the assumption that we shall hold general elections in about eighteen months. That period should be set also to the Public Security Act. After that, it will be up to the popular legislature to decide whether they wish to renew the Act or do away with it.

Regarding the specific provisions, there is no doubt that the Act, even as amended, is a very extensive one. It gives the Government every opportunity to defeat democracy and subdue opposition, if it desires. The most important modification is effected by the new requirement that a detenu shall be informed of the cause of his detention. This is an important matter since it lets in the judiciary which will be asked to decide fairly frequently on the applicability of the cause. Similarly, the reduction of the period for which a person can be detained, is an important gain to the cause of civil liberties. The only drawback is that these concessions are a consequence of the Indian Constitution, not the result of a recognition by the Bombay Government of improvement in the general situation. A review of the past three years suggests, if anything, failure on the part of the Government to use the extensive powers taken to itself under the Public Security Act rather than extravagant resort to them. To put down communalism and blackmarketing the Act might well have been freely used. But it has only been brought into operation to deal with political offenders who indicated that they would not confine themselves to non-violent, constitutional agitation. An agitator who incites the public by playing on their communal prejudices, a tradesman who holds the people to ransom by exorbitant charges, and an individual who creates an artificial scarcity by hoarding stock —all these are as great a menace to the security of the State as one who indulges in violent political demonstrations. The Government ought not to show any more leniency to them than it does to the other. But the Bombay Government has on the whole, been far too dependent on the ordinary processes of the law with the anti-social, sub-national elements and we would gladly see a more rigorous policy in force. If the Public Security Act, as it existed, was inadequate to allow Government to rope in these transgressors, it could have been better amended now to give the Government this power. The opportunity is not gone and we hope it will be fully used. The Bombay Government can count on public support to the fullest extent, in this. It does little good for any administration to assume extraordinary powers and let them rust by disuse. It is in a sense as fatal as arming oneself with extensive but inadequate powers.

Special interest centres on the fact that the Press is under the mischief of the Public Security Act. There will be some dissatisfaction that this has not been removed. We see in a section of the Press a reliance on the consultative system to relieve the Press from the rigours of the Act. This is an index of the extent to which the Press has sunk. The advisory system is not a palliative to rigorous laws but an incitement to irresponsible editing. The experience of the press under the best conditions has amply borne this out. We do not seek more rights for the Press than the individual has. But it is very essential that an Editor should know how the law stands, what is required legitimately of him in the nature of restraint, and what penalty he will incur for infringing the law. To set a body of "advisers" over him, even if it is a body of his fellow-editors, is to take away from his own responsibility The advisory committee is rarely inclined to recommend punishment lest it be condemned as reactionary; it tends to make light of infringement by advising submission and conformity to the Editor and leniency to the Government; and irritated by the rather contemptuous attitude of irreconcilable editors, it is often tempted to recommend more stringent laws. This is no exaggeration. The only way in which Editors can be restored to a just appreciation of their responsibility, is by reverting to the rule of law, unfettered by advising. The sooner this is done, the better for the Press as a whole. To the Press we would say that it must make its choice between a free and responsible press, on the one hand, and a press associated with the Government, on the other. It cannot have both together. The government-by-advisory-committee system is essentially meant for emergencies. It involves harsh laws, modified by personal influence. In normal times, it is an unnecessary hardship both for Government and the people.

The Food Front

It is bad policy for two Government officials to contradict each other even if one belongs to the Centre and the other to a State. It not only creates confusion but undermines confidence. Many newspaper readers may have been amused by two such statements published on Tuesday morning. Mr. R. K. Patil, the Government of India's Commissioner for Food Production said that this year's quota of half a million tons of foodgrains, as against one million tons last year, should be quite enough for Bombay and he was not convinced of Bombay's claim for a bigger quota. He quoted production and procurement figures for this and last year in support of his case. Bombay's Minister of Civil Supplies, Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, flared up at this and said bitterly that he was unable to understand the "Central Mathematics" and added that if the Centre did not restore the cut in the quota, the whole rationing system in the State of Bombay would crack by August or September. He did not share the rosy picture drawn by the Centre's food expert, and he said that he foresaw a grim state of affairs. Due to famine conditions in several districts, he said that the food production would be seriously affected, which would lead to partial starvation. There were reports that the recent cold wave had damaged some crops. Now it should be remembered that, if the Bombay Food Minister's fears come true, he would be the person to face public criticism and not the Centre. Mr. Dinkarrao Desai seems to be anxious to have enough margin to avoid any chance of a catastrophe. Being acquainted with the conditions in the State he is insisting on higher quota even to the extent of being called an alarmist. On the other hand, it is the responsibility of Mr. R. K. Patil to see that all States are adequately provided with foodgrains and that the Government of India's decision not to import any more foodgrains from 1951 is carried out. Unless India puts an end to the big drain of money going abroad for foodgrains, there is very little hope of her being able to stabilise her economy. To achieve this, the Centre will have to be drastic with the States unless there is an actual threat of famine And it is the job of Mr. R. K. Patil to be firm in reducing quotas to all States. As long as there is his assurance that he would not allow any part of the State of Bombay to starve we have to accept whatever is alloted to us and make the best of it. No doubt he should be made to take cognisance of all the new facts which have been presented to him by the Government of Bombay and adjust the quota accordingly. Any talk of discontinuing or cracking of rationing is bad for morale and dangerous. Though food is a topic of public interest, cannot our Central and State officials settle their differences in private and present a common front?

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 14 (PTI-Reuter): Rioting spread on an unprecedented scale over three African townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg tonight.

Townships were New Clare, Cape Town and the Western native township.

Five shops were set on fire in New Clare and there was widespreod looting.

Traffic running throgh all three townships were heavily stonned and there were hot exchanges of rifle fire between police and Africans.

*

Although the Government of India has still received no reply from the Pakistan Government to the proposal for a "No War" declaration, Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan announced last week in Lake Success that the reply had already been sent.

There need be no curiosity as to what has actually happened. Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan gave the assurance in Lake Success for the benefit of Lake Success just as his chief, Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan had some weeks back given the same assurance in the Pakistan Constituent Assembly for the benefit of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly.

*

At its forthcoming meeting, the Congress Working Committee, reports the UPI from New Delhi, will consider certain changes in the Congress constitution because a recent enrolment of lakhs and lakhs of "qualified" and "effective" members was found to be "a fraud upon the Congress constitution."

We are glad the general suspicion is now beginning to be shared by the Congress Working Committee.

*

Grenade attacks and mortar shelling by Viet Minh supporters are reported on the outskirts of Saigon itself.

But it is specially emphasised that the incidents revealed the poor quality of Viet Minh arms. Which is most reassuring. isn't it?

*

TOKYO: Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida told Parliament today that Japan was in no position to refuse military bases to the occupying powers.

We foresee a very interesting situation with both the United States and the Soviet Union in possession of neighbouring bases and ready with A, H, X, Y. Z bombs.

*

Calling for "another talk" with M. Stalin in a supreme effort to end the atomic race and the "cold war", Mr. Winston Churchill has promised that if his Party won at the elections he would seek another meeting with Russia "upon the highest level."

And, in the only result, warm up both the "cold war" and the atomic armament race.

*

The Helsinki police discredit press reports that the country-made bomb which blew in the doors of the Finnish Parliament on Tuesday last was thrown by a Communist to frighten the College of Electors into choosing a communist as President.

The Helsinki police are right. The Finnish Communist wouldn't need a country made bomb for that purpose. Or any other purpose.

*

According to a gossip columnist in a French paper, M. Jean Paul David, French Liberal Deputy, has invited the British House of Commons to play the French National Assembly at rugby.

Splendid. Marvellous idea. And Rugger is the game too.

But we do hope both sides are representative of all their parties and groups.

THE BURMA SCENE

By Our Correspondent

RANGOON, (By Air Mail)

THE most important event in Burma during the month of January was the confict between labour and British capital. On January 7, the British-owned Burmah Oil Company, the leading firm in the oil industry, made an "important" announcement that the rehabilitation of oil industry in Burma would be discontinued, and the operations on the oilfieds would be curtailed to the lowest minimum.

The reasons given for that course of action were that the situation of the country had not improved so much as to enable the oil companies to carry on with the work of rehabilitation and that the British Government had withdrawn its guarantee against possible loss by the companies in their rehabilitation work. The genesis of the story is that some time last year soon after the recovery of the oilfields from the hands of the insurgents, the Burmese Government suggested that oil operations should be carried on to reach the pre-war level by the companies with the Government as their partner. The Prime Minister promised that the Government would put in some shares in the business, and requested the British Government to urge the companies to carry on the work. The British Government had then granted a guarantee to the companies against possible loss.

Since then, the Government had concentrated on the suppression of the insurrections and had considerable successes. The rebel attempts to retake the oilfields were frustrated with a great loss on the side of the rebels, till at last it was certain that the rebels had abandoned their designs on the oilfields. It was at this juncture that the Burmah Oil Company made this "important" announcement.

STATE EFFORTS

The sudden withdrawal of the British Government's guarantee, especially at a time when the situation perceptibly improved such a guarantee was necessary as an impetus to further efforts in rehabilitation of the oil industry in the country, was received by the Burmese people with a surprise. True, the Government had so far failed to put in its promised shares in the concern. It was reported that the Government had made vigorous efforts to obtain a loan, but the loan was not forthcoming, and it was only on the loan the Government could fall back for putting in shares in the oil business. The most surprising is the timing.

The Colombo Conference was about to open, and Burma featured as a subject of discussions. The Government efforts in the suppression of the rebels were invariably crowned with success, and the situation was far from deteriorating. That was why the Labour unions charged the British firms with obstructing the national drive for peace within one year. Whatever may be the reasons, and however strong they are, the announcement of the B.O.C. and the decision of the British Government to withdraw its guarantee were inopportune.

REACTIONS

The reaction to the announcement of the oil company was great. The entire Labour in the country rose against the British capitalists. The Trade Union Congress (the Socialist-sponsored organisation) staged a huge protest demonstration, ordered the affiliated oil workers unions to ignore the retrenchment of the labourers by the oil companies after their announcement of curtailment of operations, and urged the Government to refer the matter to the Industrial Arbitration Court. The Burmah Oil Company contended at the Supreme Court that the case was not for the Arbitration Court to deal with, and the Supreme Court has now issued an order to the Arbitration Court to suspend the proceedings pending the examination of B.O.C.'s contention.

The reaction in the local press was none too small. The Burmese papers condemned the oil companies for their action which might, according to them, be interpreted as obstructing the nation's efforts in restoring peace in the country. Meanwhile the B.O.C. Information Section has been making an attempt to impress upon the public that the decision of the oil company is justified. It has been daily issuing news bulletins informing the public through the press that all was not quite on the oil front, describing in detail the small incidents of oil-thieving, a thing so common even in pre-war days. The press while giving publicity to the B.O.C. bulletins protested against the purposeful over-emphasis of the small incidents in the oilfields area.

The campaign against the British capitalists is going on, having the blessings of the Socialists who are becoming more active than ever.

REBEL STUDENTS

The next of importance, and of great momentary excitement especially for the younger generation, is the death sentence on six students who joined the rebel forces and later surrendered. Several students in Katha, a border town in North Burma were persuaded by the Burmese Reds to join their forces. The local Commissioner then issued a warning to the students to return to their homes, promising them an amnesty. Nine returned. Pending a special request to the Rangoon Government for an amnesty, the surrendering students were kept in the jail, when three of them attempted to escape. Only one was successful while the other two were shot dead. The remaining six tamely awaited the amnesty, which did not come. The Government replied to the request saying that the amnesty promised in the Premier's declaration applied only to the Karen insurgents and not to the Burmese. The students were then tried for high treason and condemned to death. The Supreme Court to which the appeal was made, confirmed the lower court's judgment setting out that the law does not provide for an acquittal, nor even the remission of the sentence passed under the High Treason Act. The Supreme Court, however, indicated that the President's pardon could be obtained, and at the same time recommended for it saying that the students had surrendered in good faith and with their surrender the scale of public opinion swung toward the side of the law-abiding, and the insurrection in that area was considerably suppressed. The following day saw half-a-dozen buses loaded to the full capacity with shouting students abusing the "murderous government" for passing the death sentence on the "innocent" students.

After the protest procession, the demonstrators met the Judicial Minister. The Minister, who is the President of All-Burma League, smilingly handed the Government communique issued earlier that day announcing that the condemned students had been pardoned by the President of the Union of Burma.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

African Riots

The riots which have broken on the outskirts of Johannesberg provide a lurid background to the proposed Round Table Conference between India, Pakistan and South Africa. In its essentials, the African riots are the result of the same policy of "apartheid" which the Indian representatives are trying to get revoked. Up to now, the tendency has been to blame "agitators" for these manifestations, but by now it must have been realised that the causes are deeper and even Dr. Malan's supporters must have seen that the Africans are beginning to be conscious of their rights and that they are not willing to be exploited. The riots, according to one account, started with the checking of the "passes" which the Africans are forced to carry in cities. It is said that these passes have been issued by the Government which has been alarmed by the drift of the Africans from the villages to the cities, with a view to prevent further infiltration from the rural population.

Did It Fail?

It is now over a week since the Cape Town tripartite conference between India, Pakistan and South Africa ended. A communique about the results was promised to be published simultaneously at the three capitals "in due course". So far nothing has been published. The cryptic nature of the last joint communique led one to wonder whether the conference succeeded at all in arranging even the preliminaries to a round table conference. It was especially so because Pakistan's retreat on the eve of the Conference from the stand regarding trade sanctions was a moral victory for South Africa in its campaign to complete and consolidate racial discrimination. The retreat by Pakistan may have further encouraged South Africa in its determination to pursue the policy of "apartheid". In any case, if the Cape Town conference turns out "in due course" to have been a failure, it will not come as a surprise to any one. It is more than likely that India will have to resume the struggle in the United Nations against White South Africa's challenge to human obligations and human decency.

Writing On The Wall

Nor can South Africa long remain white as it is today and is intended by the Whites to remain for ever with or without any moral support from any quarter. In fact, South Africa is already isolated because of its policy. And, as Pandit Hridaya Nath Kunzru emphasised in Durban, no country can live in isolation from the rest of the world. What is more, "some of the mightiest countries in the world," as Pandit Kunzru pointed out, "are finding that forces created in wartime made them change their policies and ideas and I think these forces are already at work in South Africa." One of those forces is represented by the recent happenings in the African townships near Johannesburg and its potentialities are illustrated by the nature of those events. The "native" of South Africa is awaking to his just rights and to the status which is his but of which he has aways been deprived. Once awakened no amount of police and military rifles and White terrorism can stop his progress to the goal. Incidentally, we recall that not long ago the Whites tried to set the African against the Indian and divert the former from any movement towards his goal. How completely that effort has failed is proved by the present "riots", which constitute the writing on the wall for White South Africa to read and to understand.

Housing The Poor

Mr. Kher in a speech in Bombay rightly deplored the attitude of the Central Government in not extending the expected help in the matter of housing in Bombay. But criticism, however justified, will not bring houses, and it is for the Provincial Government to step in where the Centre has failed. Mr. Kher outlined the help rendered by his Government in sanctioning loans to co-operative housing societies, but this only touches the fringe of the problem, for there are many who are not in a position to subscribe even the couple of thousands which it is necessary to invest if one is to benefit from these schemes. The lower middle class and the working class which is huddled up in unhygienic tenements, keep out of these schemes, and their only chance of getting a decent house is by the system of lottery which the Provincial Government inaugurated as a way out of the scramble for the few houses they had built. It is a regrettable fact that employers give no thought to the matter of housing their employees, and even the Municipality which provides houses for some of their staff, sometimes tends to use this concession as a weapon against workers in the industrial disputes which are brought about frequently. Many employees, as a matter of fact, would like to keep out of houses provided by their employers, for they do not want to be thrown on the streets the moment they lose their jobs. Government can force industrialists to subscribe to funds and loans which may be used for building purposes, and even at the present cost of building materials, the investment will certainly yield fair interest.

UNITED STATES EDUCATION

A DYNAMIC PROCESS, SAYS MRS. HIRLEKAR

BOMBAY, Wednesday

"Education is a living and dynamic process in U.S.A. Any event of public importance such as a statement by President Truman or Acheson or Hoffman in the Congress or outside or an event of international importance discussed in the UN organisations would be studied and discussed in seminars by the students of colleges and professors and even by students of higher secondary schools in the class-room For this the students have to read a lot and be well informed" said Mrs Yamunabai Hirlekar, a well-known educationist, who just returned after a five months' stay in U.S.A., England, France, Germany and Switzerland in an interview. Mrs. Hirlekar's visit was sponsered by the National Education of America to study the American system of education.

Proceeding Mrs. Hirlekar continued: Every day, month and year is adding to the knowledge and experience of the student world as the text books are not the only means of acquiring knowledge. University libraries are kept up-to-date with the latest publications and plenty of reading facilities are available to the student of limited means.

The American educationists interpretation of the curriculum is quite different from ours. It is understood to mean the entire body of experiences that the student goes through throughout the day. Thus they lay great stress on environment and experiences in the educational process. The educational institutions hold themselves responsible not merely for the academic achievements but also for the education of the whole personality, such as character building and social adjustments in a harmonious way.

The courses of studies are of great variety to suit the diversified interests of individuals. Even new courses are framed and instructions are arranged for them. Great facilities are given to the students to earn and learn. Out of the nine thousand students at the Teachers' College of the Columbia University as many as seven thousand were working during the day and attending classes in the evening

Field experiences are considered a very essential part of education in every branch of study. The students have to write reports of their practical work in their respective fields such as a teacher of his experience in schools, an engineering student in the power-house of factory, a medical student in the hospital, a sociological student in the case work and so on. This links the theoretical instruction to imminent practical application.

Pointing out the speciality of the American system of education, Mrs. Hirlekar observed: Education is based on what is called the points and credit system. This ensures flexibility and adjustment in the composition of the courses which a student can profitably undertake in consultation with his advisor who is the teacher and guide to the student and responsible for his total work. The work already done by the student is assessed and credit is given for that.

Examinations are certainly not abolished in the American system of education but they do not assume the disproportionate importance as in our country. The examination consists of tests, quizzes and reports which become a normal routine throughout the term and form part and parcel of the final assessment of educational achievement.

RANI PARVATI DEVI COLLEGE

Differences Over Affiliation

MIRAJ, Feb. 15, (UPI): The Government of Bombay has rejected the application of the Rani Parvati Devi College of Belgaum for permission to remain affiliated to the Bombay University or to be affiliated to the Poona University on the ground that at present the medium of instruction in all Universities is English and therefore it seems to Government that the affiliation of this college to the Karnatak University makes no difference.

Commenting on the decision of the Government Mr. A. B. Latthe, ex-Minister of Bombay, member of the Karnatak University and President of the South Konkan Education Society, in an interview today said: "In making this decision, the Government obviously ignore unquestionable facts, which prevail in Karnatak as well as in Maharashtra.

"Part of the Belgaum district is undoubtedly a Marathi area and Belgaum town itself has a majority of Marathi speaking people. It was a mistake to put the whole of the Belgaum District under the regional University of Karnatak simply because this part of the district happens to be a part of the Belgaum District.

JURISDICTION

"If Government wanted the new University to possess exclusive jurisdiction over the whole of Karnatak, they should have first decided whether the Marathi speaking area of the Belgaum District should or should not be in Karnatak".

Mr. Latthe added: "In reply, it has been argued that the Karnatak University is not Kannad University out one of the Kannad region. I do not understand what the Karnatak region is, if it is not the region inhabited wholly or in majority by Kannad speaking people.

The establishment of the Karnatak University should have been clearly understood to be for the Kannad speaking population and the Marathi population should have been excluded from its jurisdiction. This would have been good for Kannad as well as for Marathi. Government neither admits this nor denies it. Hence the suspicion, which agitates the minds of the Marathi people on this question.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Goa's Future

All Goans will agree with Pandit Nehru Prime Minister of India, when he says that 'Goa will have to come to India and that 'Goa's destiny lies with India.' No amount of censorship bans on the part of the Portuguese authorities at Goa and Lisbon will succeed in blacking-out this sentiment.

Goa historically lies with India and the destinies of the Goan people are intimately connected with the destinies of the Indian people Throughout the colonial and dependent countries of Asia powerful liberation movements have developed which are sounding the death-knell of Imperialism in Asia. And the few arrogant Portuguese Ministers and officials who talk in terms of retaining the Portuguese colony of Goa are not going to alter the course of history The statement issued by the Portuguese Government paper "Diario da Manna" that 'Portugal would not give up, or rent any of her territories' is if anything foolish. The Goan people shall force them to go.

Goa's connection with the Portuguese Empire has brought nothing but poverty and degradation to the local people. Goa once a prosperous sea-port on the West coast of India, the rendezvous of traders and merchants from Europe, Arabia, China and Japan, today lies desolate with her towns and villages deserted and her people scattered to the seven seas. In the grip of a top-heavy administration of a Clerical-Fascist state and a decadent feudal oligarchy her people are forced to live a life of poverty and degradation and migrate every year in large numbers in search of the barest necessities of life This process of pauperization can only end when Goa aligns herself with Independent India and her people line up with the Indian people in the struggle for full freedom and a people's democracy

The Goan people would have greeted the Prime Minister's statement with greater enthusiasm if he had demanded the re-patriation of our patriots now kept as hostages in the Portuguese overseas penal servitude of Peniche Fortress and the unconditional release of all Goan political prisoners now detained at Aguada and Reismagos Fortresses serving sentences from 15 to 28 years rigorous imprisonment; and the granting of full civil liberties in the struggle for which 1,000 Goan satyagrahis courted arrest in 1946-47.

—GEORGE VAZ,
General Secretary,
Goan People's Party.

Sanitaryware

The Government of India have removed the item of Sanitaryware from the OGL in last October in spite of the fact that the Sanitaryware articles (such as Water Closets, Surgical Basins Wash Basins, Public Urinals, Sinks etc.) are absolutely essential for construction of buildings, works, industries, hospitals etc., and building construction stands as an item of Top Most priority with the Central Government and all other Provincial Governments.

Sanitaryware items were allowed to be imported on Freely Licence basis in the years 1945, 46 and 47 and subsequently were put up in OGL list in years 1948 and 1949 (up to October).

However when placed on Freely Licence basis and on OGL list the supplies were poor. In the year 1946-47 the total imports of Sanitaryware did not exceed eleven lacs. In the year 1947-48 the total imports were doubled due to sudden release of orders accumulated in England as they were preoccupied in home front. It fell down to seventeen lacs in the year 1948-49.

It can be seen from the above that there was no overbuying in these articles even when the same were on OGL list. Consequently no reasonable stocks were left on hand when the recent ban was placed.

The efforts of the Sanitaryware Merchants to secure Concession Licences have proved unsuccessful and keen shortage of goods is being felt.

Under the above circumstances I feel that these most essential articles must be placed in OGL list for ever for the good of general public.

—D. E. KALIANIWALLA.

Pen Friends

I am writing this letter on behalf of two Australians who are very interested in international correspondence. We already have a few friends overseas, but we are anxious to correspond in English, with people in your country.

Consequently, we would appreciate it if you published our request for pen-friends. You can rest assured that all letters received will be acknowledged. Once our new friendships are established we can send magazines, stamps, etc., and discuss many common subjects.

—T. H. DE GRAAFF,
58 Peel Street Nth.,
Ballarat, Victoria, Australia.
L. W. J. PONTEFRACT,
58 Peel Street Nth.,
Ballarat, Victoria, Australia.

DECISION ON MADHYA BHARAT CAPITAL

Unfavourable Reaction In Delhi

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE CITY, Feb. 13: Private reports received from New Delhi indicate that the Ministry of States has not favourably received the decision of the Madhya Bharat Government to continue the periodical shifting of capital between Gwalior and Indore and the establishment of Madhya Bharat University at Ujjain.

New Delhi holds the view that the question of selection of capital should be postponed for about five years pending which capital should remain at Gwalior. It is also suggested that permanent seats of the Madhya Bharat University and State High Court be fixed at Indore.

Political quarters here however, are of the opinion that it will greatly reflect on the stability of the present Cabinet if decision is now taken to discontinue the present arrangement of keeping the capital at Gwalior and Indore for seven and five months respectively in the year.

PAKISTAN'S RUPEE RATE

Compromise Chance Foreseen

LONDON, Feb. 15, (PTI).

FINANCIAL experts here today saw in Pakistan's membership of the International Monetary Fund a chance to solve the problem of the rupee rate.

In practice, the International Monetary Fund accepted the then current rates of all its original member countries.

Under the Bretton Woods Agreement it was for each country to tell the fund its rate. Only after that could the fund query a rate, and then only on the ground that the proposed rate would cause undue use of the Fund's resources.

A British Banker today gave the following informal views of the Pakistan rupee in relation to Pakistan's membership of the International Monetary Fund: Pakistan had very good grounds for her refusal to devalue last September but the decision involved many potential disadvantages which have since become real. At its current rate the Pakistan rupee is too high because in itself it is slightly overvalued. This has been aggravated because sterling was devalued too much.

There have been many unofficial suggestions in London for a possible compromise by India raising her rupee to say, 21 pence and Pakistan lowering hers to that figure.

LEARN THE LESSON OF SELF-SUFFICIENCY

Bihar Minister's Call To Villagers

DINAPORE, (Bihar), Feb. 15 (UPI): In this "age of economic imperialism" we have to learn the lesson of self-sufficiency which Mahatma Gandhi emphasised, observed Dr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Finance Minister of Bihar addressing a largely attended meeting of villagers at Jhagritola yesterday.

The Minister said that in achieving this self-sufficiency the villagers had to play an important role. The food problem could be solved only if the production of the country was increased and it called for strenuous efforts on the parts of all of us. The villagers must work hard so that their fields might yield more than what they did today.

The Minister stressed the need for education among the villagers as an antidote to the spirit of despondency.

Enquiry Into Protection For Plywood

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15 (UPI): A public enquiry into the question of protection enjoyed by the Indian plywood and tea chests industry beyond March 31, 1950, will be held by the Tariff Board in Bombay on February 21, it is learnt.

It may be mentioned that the present term of protection to the tea chests and plywood industry expires on March 31 next.

Indo-Nepal Talks

PATNA, Feb. 15 (PTI): Mr. Matrika Prasad Koirala, President, Nepali National Congress, in a statement to the Press on the forthcoming negotiaions in Delhi between India and Nepal for the readjustment of the relationship between the two countries says: "The proposed treaty between Nepal and India, if it conflicts with or does not promote the well being of the people, will not be acceptable to us."

Physicians To Meet In Lucknow On March 15

LUCKNOW, Feb. 15, (PTI): The next session of the Association of Physicians of India will be held in Lucknow from March 15 to 17.

Stop Press

RESIGNATION

PARIS, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Prince Boun Oum, Prime Minister of Laos, Indo-China, has resigned, according to reports received from Loas today, the Agence France Presse reported.

DENIAL

KARACHI, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The Indian Prime Minister's reported statement that Pakistan was detaining as "hostages" three members of the crew of the Bharat Airways Skymaster which crash-landed 10 miles inside East Pakistan territory towards the end of December last was authoritatively denied here today.

ARRESTS

SHOLAPUR, Feb. 15 (PTI): Sholapur police seized objectionable literature and arrested five persons, stated to be Communists, during a search of houses here.

TURN IN BANGKOK TALKS

BANGKOK, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—The Regional Conference of United States Diplomatic envoys in Asia today interrupted its final talks for 15 minutes for discussions of the implications of the Sino-Soviet treaty settlement, according to a source close to the Conference.

Described as the "most lively" since the conference started three days ago, today's session was devoted almost exclusively to urgent short-range military and economic assistance required by the East Asian nations to resist Communism.

"NONSENSE"

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15: A report from Bangkok that Secretary of State Acheson would resign was described as "nonsense" by a State Department spokesman today. The spokesman, Mr. Michael McDermott, said: "The report is sheer nonsense. It has no foundation at all."

Gandhian Doctrine Defended

ACCRA, Gold Coast, Feb. 14.

DR. KWAME NKRUMAH, Convention Peoples Party leader on trial here with 12 others on a charge of inciting an illegal strike by "positive action" said today "positive action was Gandhi's doctrine in his political campaign."

Dr. Nkrumah, Publisher of the "Accra Evening News," the Party organ, last month led a "civil disobedience campaign" to demand dominion status for the Colony.

Asked before British Magistrate Mr. L. Lingley whether he knew that Gandhi's campaign resulted in violence, Dr. Nkrumah replied: "I cannot admit that."

Answering a question by his counsel Mr. C. S. Rewcastle, Dr. Nkrumah said he was not responsible for any violent outcome of positive action as he "preached non-violence."

Prominent Red Arrested

BHAGALPUR, Feb. 15 (UPI): Kamala Kant Jha of Tulsipur, P. S. Naugachia, a prominent Communist worker, who had been wanted by the police in some cases at Lattipur and Tulsipur, was arrested here this afternoon near the Sadar hospital.

Red Worker Arrested In Surat

SURAT, Feb 15, (UPI): One Communist worker was arrested by the local police while distributing Communist literature in Surat yesterday.

THOUSAND MILLION MIGHT DIE

Scientist Warns About H-Bomb Havoc

NEW YORK, Feb. 14. (PTI-Reuter): The view that a thousand million people might be killed by "40 or 50" hydrogen bombs in the first phase of an atomic war, was expressed here by Dr. Linus Pauling, a prominent United States chemist.

Dr. Pauling is Director of Chemistry for the California Institute of Technology.

At a "rally against the H. Bomb" sponsored by the National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions, he warned that this bomb would mean "death, devastation and complete destruction of civilisation".

Last year the council sponsored a "peace conference" in New York, described by the State Department as a "sounding board" for Soviet propaganda.

The problem of an atomic war must not be confused with minor problems such as Communism versus Capitalism Dr. Pauling continued.

He suggested that Congress should hold extended public hearing on H. Bomb, that America should subsidise a multimillion dollar research programme into war prevention through the national academy of science, and that America and Russia should engage in two-power negotiations.

AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

Call For Designs

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15 (PTI): Architects, artists and sculptors in India have been invited to submit designs for an Australian War Memorial to be erected in London, it is learnt here.

Prizes of 250 pounds (Australian) 150 pounds and 50 pounds are being offered for the three best designs selected.

The competition is open to persons who are nationals of Commonwealth countries.

Intending competitors have been asked to register their names not later than March 1, 1950 with the Secretary, Australia Battlefields Memorial Committee, 434, Collins Street, Melbourne.

45,000 BALES OF YARN FOUND MISSING

AGRA, Feb. 15 (UPI): About 45,000 bales of yarn kept in the custody of a local bank were found missing this morning.

It may be mentioned here that about Rs. 40,000 were stolen sometime back from this bank in connection with which two treasurers of the bank, were arrested.

Police investigation is proceeding.

Indian Envoy To Nepal Arrives In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15 (UPI): His Excellency C. P. N. Singh, Ambassador of India in Nepal arrived here by air this afternoon. He is expected to stay here as long as the Prime Minister of Nepal will be in the capital for discussions with the Government of India.

News BRIEFS

HOMELESS: Over 100 fishermen were rendered homeless when a fire destroyed 34 huts in the coastal village of Chinna Marthandan Thura, 18 miles south of Trivandrum, Monday.

OIL WAR: An article in America's leading financial newspaper "The Journal of Commerce' hinted, Monday, at the possibility of a world oil price war if Britain failed to agree with the American oil companies in the present sterling oil controversy.

DISABLED MEMBER: Disabled ex-members of the Armed Forces and dependents of deceased members of the Armed Forces are directed by the Defence Ministry to keep the Controller of Military Accounts informed of their change of address to avoid delay in the payment of disability or family pensions.

EXCHANGE: A new telephone exchange was opened at Deoghar, Santhal Paraganas, by Mr. Anugrah Narain Sinha, Bihar Finance Minister. The exchange has been opened with forty subscribers but its ultimate capacity is of 100 connections.

'QUAKE: A severe earthquake shock was felt at Dhubri, Assam, Tuesday of about 1 p.m. No loss of life and property has been reported.

PATNA Feb 14: The Government of Bihar have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 17,84,000 for gratitutious relief for distribution among sufferers of flood and other natural calamities in the province.

POET-LAUREATE DEAD: Mr. Chellapalli Venkata Sastri, Poet-Laureate in Telugu passed away, Wednesday morning. He was eighty years at the time of death.

Sri Venkata Sastri, who formed, with the late Sri Divakarla Tirupati Sastri, a duet of twin poets known as Tirupati Vemata Kavulu, was born in 1870 at Yanam, a French colony in the Circars, in an illustrious Brahmin family

'DAYANAND' DAY: Tributes to the memory of Saint Dayanand Saraswaty, the founder of the Arya Samaj movement, was paid in Baroda on Wednesday at a public meeting held to celebrate 'Swami Dayanand Bodhotsav', the anniversary of the attainment of self-realisation by Swami Dayanand.

'GO' CONFERENCE: The All India Go Sewa Sangh Conference is being opened in Lucknow on Thursday by the Education Minister of U.P., Mr. Sampurnanand, in the pandal of the All India Cattle Show.

PAKISTAN BUNS: The Pakistan Government is arranging to provide the population of East Bengal, who are rice eaters, with a special kind of bun made from wheat flour and milk. This, it is stated, is to obviate the rice shortage in the area and to get over the prejudice of the population towards wheat. The United Nations Organisation has provided Pakistan with one million dollars worth of milk powder for making the buns.

BLACK AFFAIR: A "coal delegation" from China has offered one million tons of coal to Pakistan annually The Pakistan Coal Commissioner is expected to discuss with the delegation coal rates and specification shortly.

PRESENT: A diamond-studded sword of honour will be presented to the Prime Minister and Supreme Commander-in-Chief of Nepal, Lt.-General Maharaja Mohan Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana, at a ceremonial Indian Army parade on Feb. 20 at Irwin Stadium.

MORE RATIONS: The quantum of wheat ration in the five cities of Indore, Ujjain, Gwalior, Ratlam and Mhow of Madhya Bharat has been increased from six seers to eight seers for a person in a month in view of the satisfactory procurement of millet crop and prospects of better wheat crop in the coming months.

ANGLO—U.S. EYES

Appeal To India Government

LUCKNOW, Feb. 15 (PTI): The President of the Nepal Congress, Mr. D. R. Regmi, told pressmen here yesterday that the "great interest" shown by England and America in Nepal "creates a suspcion that the Anglo-American Bloc wants to make Nepal an anti-Communist military base."

"The Government of India should warn the Nepal Government against the move," he said.

Mr. Regmi added: "The cry of Communist threat to Nepal as a result of developments in China and Tibet is a bogey raised by the Ranas to strengthen their hands. Any help given by the Government of India to Ranas as an anti-Communist measure will be strengthening the hands of feudalism against the common man.'

The Nepal Congress President appealed to the Government of India to help the people of Nepal in securing their fundamental rights." A democratic Nepal will by itself be a guarantee against all encroachment on its sovereignty by outside agencies and ensure safety and security of the strategic Himalayas," he said.

Epidemic Dropsy In Hooghly

CHINSURAH, Feb. 15 (UPI): Epidemic dropsy has appeared in different parts of rural areas of the Sardar sub-division of Hooghly District. No fatal case, is however, reported.

CLAIMS TO PERFORM YOGIC FEATS

Bombay citizens yesterday gathered at Marine Drive seaface to have a look at the yogic feats of Swami Ramdas from Girmar. He took "van samadhi" in an airtight cement box in which he will lie for three days. Picture shows the Swami entering the box.

BENGAL NEWSMEN CONFER

Combating Rumours

KUSHTIA (East Pakistan), Feb. 15 (UPI): At the instance of Mr. D. N. Haque, District Magistrate, Kushtia, a conference of representatives of different newspapers of both East and West Bengal was held on Friday last in the District Magistrate's bungalow.

The District Magistrate, who presided, discussed the communal situation in both East and West Bengal and told the press representatives that the minorities in East Pakistan were quite safe and there must not be any panicky exodus. Lawlessness of any kind, he said, would be put down with an iron hand.

The Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Kushtia, and the District Publicity Organiser, Kushtia, were present at the conference.

A Kushtia District Press Branch Committee with the District Magistrate as Chairman and the Sub-Deputy Magistrate, the District Publicity Organiser and different press representatives as members, was formed.

TREAT MINORITIES BETTER

Leaguer's Call To Pakistan

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15 (PTI): Mr. Abdullah Nurual Haque, former President of the Assam Provincial Muslim League, today appealed to the people of India and Pakistan to create good neighbourly feelings between the two States.

Mr. Haque in a statement said: "If the Muslims of Pakistan have any love for their brothers in India, on no account they should be hard upon the minority community who live there".

He added: "For the welfare of the minority Muslim of the Indian Republic as well as for the interest of humanity, they should restrain their hands in oppressing the minority Hindus. Islam never teaches to tyranise the weak and the helpless".

DECCA SITUATION UNDER CONTROL

DACCA, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Basant Kumar Das, Leader of the Congress Party in the East Bengal Legislative Assembly, told the Press today that the situation in Dacca was "under control."

Mr. Das said: "Situation has been calming down and as a matter of fact it is under control. All possible measures have been adopted to put down lawlessness and they have proved greatly effective. The Government and all officials and non-officials are determined to restore peace in the city."

Calcutta Exams Postponed

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15 (PTI): In view of the present condition in the city, the ensuing I A and I S C Examinations of Calcutta University, which were to commence on February 20, have been postponed, the Controller of Examinations announced today. The examinations will begin on March 6.

SEC. 144 IN ASANSOL

ASANSOL.—An order under Section 144 Cr.P.C., prohibiting the assembly of five or more persons, and carrying lathis or other weapons has been promulgated in the whole municipal area of Asansol today for a period of fifteen days.

DACCA.—The following Press Note has been issued by the East Bengal Government tonight: "Dacca and suburbs continued to remain quiet. No incidents, whatsoever, were reported either last night or today."

Barring two minor incidents in the northern suburbs of the city, Calcutta continued to be quiet till this evening, adds the UPI.

No incident has so far been reported from Howrah. Strong police and military pickets are being maintained in both Calcutta and Howrah.

Maintain Peace: Appeal To E. Bengal Muslims

CHITTAGONG, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The Commissioners of the Chittagong Municipality in an appeal today asked Muslims of Eastern Pakistan to "maintain peace and order".

Two members of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, Mr. Nur Ahmed and Mr. Abul Kassem Khan, went round the city urging the citizens to remain calm.

S. Africa Cannot Isolate Itself

KUNZRU WARNS

DURBAN, Feb. 14. (PTI-Reuter): South Africa could not isolated itself from the rest of the world, said Pandit Kunzru, leader of the Indian Delegation to talks with South Africa and Pakistan in Capetown, at an Indian banquet here tonight.

"Some of the mightiest countries in the world are finding that forces created in wartime made them change their policies and ideas and I think these forces are already at work in South Africa" he said.

NO CONTROVERSY WITH CENTRE

Food Commissioner On Bombay's Stand

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 15 (PTI): Mr. R. K. Patil, India's Food Production Commissioner, told pressmen here today that there was no controversy of any "unseemly nature" between the Central Government and the Government of Bombay.

The Central Government felt, he said, that the Bombay Government could try with a food allocation of five lakh tons from the Centre and keep the rationing system in tact. The Bombay Government felt otherwise. The Bombay Government had more grains than last year owing to better crop. It might be that the Bombay Government had a better case, Mr. Patil added.

English Will Do For Them

BANGALORE, Feb. 15 (PTI): The large gathering that turned up to hear Sheikh Abdullah speak yesterday did not want a language translation of his English speech.

When Sheikh Abdullah commenced his public speech, a Kannada translation was provided to help those who did not understand English, but the audience immediately cried halt and said they did not want a translation.

The public listened with attention and often cheered the Sher-E-Kashmir especially when he made reference to India's Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru.

The Disillusionment Of Mr. Truman

(Continued from Page 1)

but he was "new" then in the Presidency: the papers had been prepared for Mr. Roosevelt, and represented a Government decision. He felt there was nothing else he could do but sign.

He had no staff and no Cabinet of his own then, but now he had both.

The President said: "It would have been the same in Japan as in Germany if I had not demanded an American as the Allied Generalissimo there at the signing of the surrender on the Missouri. Otherwise the Russians would have divided that country as they have Germany and the situation in the Far East would have been so much worse that it is that one can take comfort from it."

If an election campaign had not been in progress in 1948, he would have sent Chief Justice Fred M. Vinson "to try to straighten out Stalin and the other Russian leaders on this and on our real intentions." "Maybe that will be the thing to do some time", he said.

OBJECT OF POLICY

The correspondent reported Mr. Truman as saying that the globe showed vast areas inhabited by hundreds of millions of people who wanted to improve their lot, and this could be done with American surpluses and with a moderate amount of American assistance, financial and technical. When that was done, the chief threat of international Communism would pass. This was the primary objective of his policy.

NO HOPE

In the exclusive interview, the President said he had "no hope that the Russians will keep any agreement which it would be good policy for the United States to seek."

The interview is regarded as more significant because it was given before Mr. Churchill's call last night for talks between Stalin, Truman and the man who becomes the British Prime Minister as a result of the general election next week.

"The agreement the Russians made at Yalta was the only one they ever kept, out of nearly 40" the President said.

S. AFRICAN RIOTS

(Continued from Page 1)

smashed and several police vehicles damaged.

Police early today patrolled the narrow blacked out streets.

WHITE FURY

Mr. C. R. Swart, Minister for Justice, said in the House of Assembly that a "disturbing phenomenon" was that Europeans in the areas, out of fear for the safety of their families and property, were arming themselves "and hurrying to the scenes of the outbursts and taking the law into their own hands".

He added: "It appears that the rioters have moved to European areas, and the attitude of the Europeans can accordingly be appreciated." But this, he said, doubled police work and could create "an extremely undesirable and dangerous state of affairs".

SMUTS'S STRICTURE

CAPE TOWN: General Smuts, South African Opposition leader, told the House of Assembly here today that the Witwatersrand riots "are a serious threat to the safety and wellbeing of the country."

He moved the adjournment of the House "on a matter of urgent public importance"

The Speaker said he could not accept the adjournment motion, as the first item on the order paper was a discussion of part of the Appropriations Bill, under which this question could be discussed as fully as members wished. Under ordinary circumstances he would have accepted the motion.

General Smuts's motion came after a statement on the Johannesburg riots by Mr. Swart, who said that detachments of the Union defence force would be used if necessary

Mr. Swart said that steps were being taken to prevent any danger of a clash between the rioters and the European inhabitants of the areas concerned.

MORE GHETTO LAWS

"The Government intends to introduce legislation during the present session by which this state of affairs will be effectively combated by the removal of the underlying causes", he declared.

"Further measures which will give the Government effective power to remove native villages where this may appear necessary and where there appears to be danger to the public safety are already in the course of preparation."

He said the Government regarded the riots in a very serious light. The recent outburst had followed two occasions where the police wanted to arrest people who had contravened the law. "It must not and will not be tolerated". Mr. Swart declared.

MALAN'S PIECE

The Prime Minister, Dr. Malan, who replied to General Smuts, said the white people of South Africa should stand together, particularly when the safety of the population was involved, as in the Witwatersrand riots.

General Smuts, he said, had emphasised there was a change in the general feeling of the country, and that a new spirit had arisen among the natives and the non-Europeans generally. "That is so", Dr. Malan said.

"There is a new spirit which exists, but it has arisen not from the present conditions, but from the last war. The time has come when non-Europeans are beginning to make demands which even the most liberal-minded could not accept."

No Government would accede to their demands, he said.

Dr. Malan said the time had arrived for South Africa's grave colour problem to be solved, taking colour differences into account.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left-wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which, they say, are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

President Not Attending Congress Meeting

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15 (UPI): President Dr. Rajendra Prasad will not attend the Congress Working Committee session which meets here tomorrow at the residence of Sardar Patel, it is learnt.

This will presumably be due to the fact that as the constitutional head of the State, Dr. Prasad can no longer associate himself with any political organisation or institution either as its member or office-bearer.

HONDURANS SEEK BRITISH AID

For Solving Colony's Unemployment Problem

BELIZE, Feb 15 (PTI-Reuter). The British Honduras Legislature today asked the British Government to allot at least one million sterling to provide work for the colony unemployed and ease unrest.

One member declared that the people of the colony were not disloyal to the Crown, but simply "hungry and dissatisfied".

Public assemblies have been banned and the Riot Act enforced here following an assault on a Councillor.

Police stocks of teargas have been replenished and a fine of 500 dollars or up to a years imprisonment will be imposed on violators.

On February 4 thousands of Hondurans hanged an effigy of "British" imperialism. They marched to Government House with a second petition to King George and the Privy Council demanding work and that the British Honduras dollar—recently devalued—be returned to its former value.

ILO CONFERENCE BENEFITS

KUALA LUMPUR. The first Asian Regional Conference of the International Labour Organisation held in Ceylon last month "did a lot of good", but the benefits would not be felt for some time, said Mr. R. G. D. Houghton, Federation Commissioner of Labour.

Mr. Houghton attended the conference as Government representative.

The Keynote of the conference, he said, was that social justice was the whole basis of peace for the world. It was agreed that if the spread of Communism was to be halted the living standards of Asian people must be raised.

"It was obvious that there was a definite stirring on the part of Asian labourers to improve their living conditions by improving national resources and increasing industrial output", said Mr. Houghton.

Sino-British Cultural Association

HONG KONG—Sir Robert Urquhart, British Consul-General at Shanghai, told a large gathering of the Sino-British Cultural Association that the world is today watching eagerly on developments in China.

"If in the human order of things mistaken are made, then they will be readily excused in view of the proofs which the new Government has already given of its admirable desire to seek progress on sound and just lines", he said.

Although the address was made by Sir Robert in unofficial capacity, it was the first public pronouncement with frequent reference to China made by a prominent Briton since the United Kingdom's recognition of the People's Government, said a foreign arrival from Shanghai.

At the moment China is faced "like our own country with much adversity", said the British Consul-General, "but we all know well that given a couple of good harvests, given the honesty of administration of which there is such welcome evidence, this country (China) will recover very quickly from the effects of her many years of war and be able effectively to take her place among the leading countries of the world".

Sir Robert, according to informant, said the British had long realised that change was bound to come in Asia, that when it came it would probably come with a rush, Britain also realised there might well be an interruption in the life of foreign communities and in foreign trade.

"I might interpolate here in passing that just as it is possible to exaggerate the importance of foreign trade for China, so it is possible to exaggerate the importance of China trade for Britain".

He pointed out that Britian trade with China has always been well under two per cent of the United Kingdom's foreign trade. The profits earnings from foreign trade over the years, Sir Robert is reported to have said.

R

For selling Cloth at a higher than the controlled price, without a licence and possessing cloth illegally, IBRAHIM RAJAN MEHERALI and AKBARALI IBRAHIM were convicted and the former was sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 21,000 or in default to undergo eight months' simple imprisonment on the first count, to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' simple imprisonment on the second count and to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment on the third count The latter was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 2,000 or in default to undergo four months' simple imprisonment on the first count to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment on the second count and to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment on the third count.

For possessing Cloth illegally, MORARJI RAWJI ASHE was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 300 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

For selling Charcoal illegally, SITARAM CHEDI LOHIYA was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs 30 or in default to undergo one week's simple imprisonment.

NAVAL CHAMPION BAKSHI EXTENDS NARENDRA NATH

Mrs. Todd And "Gussie" Moran Impress On First Day

(By Our Tennis Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE capacity crowd this evening on the Cricket Club of India's tennis courts had very little if at all anything to do with the higher standard of the game seen. Bombay's tennis fans had turned up in large numbers to get a glimpse of the much-talked about and much-published U. S. A.'s glamour girl of tennis, Miss Gussie" Moran.

Dressed in spotlessly white silk dress, Gertrude Moran, stepped on the court amidst a round of applause from those who had come this evening to watch the invited players make their first appearance in the championships.

Possessing a very elegant style, Gertrude Moran was at home from the very beginning on courts that can be compared with the best in India. Her opponent Mrs. Ruby Gazdar offered very little by way of opposition, but what was seen of U.S.A. number five's game was enough to convince the onlookers of her class in the game. With a style pleasant to watch, she ran through her opponent with the loss of only a solitary game. Mention must be made of Miss Moran's backhand, which was very attractive by virtue of its most fluent action, about of which one could not see much this evening.

With the appearance of Mrs. Patricia Canning Todd, United States number four woman tennis star, it was clearly evident that the visiting players were head and shoulders above our women players. Mrs. Todd, who somehow or other appeared to me to be a little stiff in her style, possesses strokes that would do many of our local men players credit. Serving very slow and taking her time to make the next stroke Mrs. Todd gave a brilliant display of powerful forehand and backhand drives, the like of which has been rarely seen hit from a woman player's racket here.

Mrs. Todd easily accounted for the Bombay Gymkhana player Mrs. Betty Stewart, dropping only two games in the two sets played. The authorities of the Cricket Club of India must necessarily be thanked for giving our local tennis players and numerous enthusiasts this rare opportunity of watching two of the world's leading women exponents of the game in action.

The seeded players, who made their first appearance today were seen in few very exciting matches, particularly Narendra Nath. Narendra Nath found the Indian Navy champion T. N. Bakshi a very tough proposition, and had to bring out all he knew of the game to get the better of his former Lahore College ambidextrous colleague.

Playing with a vigorous forehand drive, which he executed with the greatest of ease with each of his hands when the occasion demanded. Bakshi wrested the initial set from Indian ranked player with the loss of only two games. Bakshi on many occasions found it very easy to pass Narendra Nath at the net with his "forehand" drives, and occasionally moved up to force his well-known opponent to the baseline with well-directed drives into the baseline corners.

Serving with exceptional speed and accuracy Narendra Nath took the next set to equalise. The third and final set produced tennis of an exceedingly high standard, and the two went level till two all, and from then onwards, Narendra with the aid of many down-the-line forehand drives which had a good amount of chop in them, pinned Bakshi down to the baseline from where the latter could do little damage, and with the addition of only one more game, Narendra emerged victorious against an opponent who made him fight for every inch of the ground.

The South India champion Kapinapathy was extended by the former Junagadh tennis star, Eric Marks. The latter, who is now with the Yuvaraj of Bilkha, took his opponent to 6-4, 7-5 in the two sets played.

In another quarter-final match, the South India runner-up Madhav Rao, who in partnership with G. Vasant had won the Presidency Hardcourt doubles title last week, had to concede a walk-over to the wellknown Wimbledon star Vladimir Cernik. Madhav Rao, who was playing exceedingly well led his opponent by four games to one and then five/two, but a cramp in his leg forced him to give a walkover to his opponent.

K. B. Madan, from Calcutta in the early stages against Bekkevold suffered slightly, it appeared, from the consciousness of playing against a player who had made a name for himself, but once Madan got used to his opponent's game, he forged ahead to win in two straight sets.

The following were the results:—

Men's Singles

Erik Marks beat Harbans Dayal 6-1 6-3; Walton beat G. N. Powar 6-2 7-5; T. N. Bakshi beat A. R. V. Peermohamed 6-0 6-1; Madhav Rao beat R. K. Sanghani; K. C. Mashruwalla beat A. M. Abraham 6-2 6-4; C. L. Savara beat Swaminathan 6-1 6-3; J. M. Kantawalla beat Keshav Mahindra 6-3 2-6 6-2.

Rasik Kumar of Wankaner beat Walton 3-6 7-5 6-1.

QUARTER-FINALS: V. Cernik beat Madhav Rao 0-5 (retired); Narendra Nath beat T. N. Bakshi 2-6 6-1 6-3; Naresh Kumar beat C. L. Savara 6-1 6-2; K. B. Madan beat F. Bekkevold 6-4 6-3; Kapinapathy beat Erik Marks 6-4 7-5; Jimmy Mehta beat Rasik Kumar of Wankaner 6-2 4-6 6-3; J. M. Kantawalla w.o. Sajjad; G. Vasant beat K. C. Mashruwalla 6-1 6-1.

Men's Doubles

K. C. Mashruwalla and K. L. Mirchandani beat R. N. Bhagwat and R. K. Sanghani 4-6 6-3 6-3; I. R. Mehta and B. P. Baliga beat Swaminathan and A. R. V. Peermohamed 6-4 6-0; Erik Marks and Yuvaraj of Bilkha beat Dr. G. O. Bhagat and I. H. Shivdasani 3-6 6-2 7-5; Rasik Kumar of Wankaner and Prince Fatehsinhji of Kutch beat D. N. J. Dady and K. Watumal 6-3 6-2; Rajkumar of Jath and R. N. Rodrigues beat Walton and Macrea 6-3 6-8 6-4; G. N. Powar and H. J. H. Talyarkhan beat N. D. G. Rao and U. S. Bangera 7-5 6-2; C. L. Savara and Kapinapathy beat Rafiq Dina and F. Sikander 6-1 6-2; R. K. Batra and S. T. Panjwani beat C. Rai and P. J. Roy 6-4 6-4.

Women's Singles

Miss Gertrude Moran beat Mrs. Ruby Gazdar 6-1 6-0; Mrs. Patricia Todd beat Mrs. Betty Stewart 6-2 6-0; Miss L. M. Merchant beat Mrs. B. V. K. Iyengar 6-2 6-2.

Mixed Doubles

Mrs. Betty Stewart and M. Hanumantha Rao w.o. Miss Pramilla Khanna and Partner; Miss Laura Woodbridge and G. Vasant w.o. "B" Pair; Miss Joan Ingram and F. Bekkevold beat Mrs. Ruby Gazdar and Partner 6-2 6-1.

Juniors Singles

Sam Bharucha w.o. S. Kapur; Dev Chowla beat Nilkant B. Soman, 6-0, 6-0; Yogesh I. Dhruv beat Dady Vakharia, 7-5, 6-1; Maneck Ramnik w.o. Singh Kevshek; Alfred D. Lobo w.o. Sam Kapur; Vinayak H. Khote w.o. Shiraz A. Mecklai.

FIXTURES FOR THURSDAY

Morning Session:

COURT NO. 1: 7-30 a.m. Rasik Kumar and Fatehsinhji vs. K. C. Mashruwalla and Mirchandani; 8-00 a.m. Miss Billimoria and Miss Ghasvala vs. Miss Amrit Singh and Miss Sunita Shirodkar; 8-30 a.m. Sam Bharucha vs. Sukhdev Singh.

COURT NO. 2: 7-30 a.m.: I. R. Mehta and B. P. Baliga vs. G. N. Powar and H. J. H. Talyarkhan; 8-00 a.m. Dave Chowla vs. Yogesh Dhruv; 8-30 a.m. Hiro Gokari vs. Mohan Prabhu.

COURT NO. 3: 7-30 a.m. Eric Marks and Yuvaraj of Bilkha vs. R. K. Batra and S. T. Panjwani; 8-00 a.m. N. M. Zaveri vs. Pramod Kumar; 8-30 a.m. Sukender Singh Sondhi vs. Sharad B. Pai.

COURT NO. 4: 7-30 a.m. C. L. Savara and Kapinapathy vs. Rajkumar of Jath and R. N. Rodrigues; 8-00 a.m. Mohan Pamani vs. Dhan Dev Singh; 8-30 a.m. Ramnik G. Maneck vs. Alfred N. Lobo.

COURT NO. 5: 8-00 a.m. Wasani vs. V. H. Khote.

Evening Session:

COURT NO. 1: 3-15 p.m. V. Cernik vs. Jimmy Mehta; 3-45 p.m. Miss Gertrude Moran vs. Miss Laxmi Merchant; 4-15 p.m. Cernik and Jimmy Mehta vs. Rasik Kumar and Fatehsinhji or Mashruwalla and Mirchandani; 5-00 p.m

COURT NO. 2: 3-15 p.m. G. Vasant vs. K. B. Madan; 3-45 p.m. Mrs. Patricia Todd vs. Mrs. D. I. Kania; 4-15 p.m. G. Vasant and Madhav Rao vs. I. R. Mehta and B. P. Baliga or G. N. Powar and H. J. H. Talyarkhan; 5-00 p.m. Miss L. Merchant and Madhav Rao vs. Mrs. B. Stewart and Hanumantha Rao.

COURT NO. 3: 3-15 p.m. Narendra Nath vs. Kapinapathy; 3-45 p.m. Narendra Nath and J. M. Kantawalla vs. Eric Marks and Yuvaraj of Bilka or R. K. Batra and S. T. Panjwani; 4-15 p.m. Miss G. Moran and Naresh Kumar vs. Mrs. D. I. Kania and Partner.

COURT NO. 4: 3-15 p.m. Miss L. Woodbridge vs. Miss S. Kundaji; 3-45 p.m. Miss P. Khanna vs. Mrs. S. M. Bhatt.

COURT NO. 5: 3-15 p.m. Naresh Kumar vs. J. M. Kantawalla; 3-45 p.m. Naresh Kumar and K. B. Madan vs. C. L. Savara and Kapinapathy or Rajkumar of Jath and R. N. Rodrigues; 4-15 p.m. Miss J. Ingram and F. Bekkevold vs. Miss L. Woodbridge.

FIRST AVAILABLE COURT: Miss G. Moran and Miss P. Khanna vs. Mrs. B. Stewart and Partner; Mrs. Dubash and Mrs. Forbes vs. Miss Karwa and Partner; Miss L. Woodbridge and Miss L. Merchant vs. Miss A. Singh and Miss Shirodkar or Miss Billimoria and Miss Ghasvalla; Mrs. P. Todd and Miss J. Ingram vs. Mrs. R. Guzdar and Partner.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Cooperage

4-10 p.m. Overseas Communications vs. St. Xavier's "B".

5-15 p.m. Catholic Gymkhana vs. Boys Own Club (Jepsen Cup).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-10 p.m. Goan S. C. "C" vs. Metal Box (Figueredo Cup).

5-15 p.m. Young Sports "A" vs. Lever "A" (Luois Cup).

TENNIS

Cricket Club of India

7-30 a.m. Morning Session.

3-15 p.m. Evening Session.

(C.C.I. Open Championships).

PREM PANDHI WINS TITLE

Men's Singles Of All-India Lawn Tennis Tournament

KANPUR, Feb. 15 (PTI).

Prem Pandhi today won the Men's open singles championship in the All-India Lawn Tenfis Tournament here by beating Balwant Singh by three sets to two.

Both players battled it out well for over two hours before a decision could be reached. The scores were 6-4, 6-8, 2-6, 6-3 and 8-6.

Prem Pandhi who won the men's singles title in the All-India Lawn Tennis Tournament played at Patna when he beat Balwant Singh in a gruelling struggle lasting two hours.

Following are the other results of the finals:

MEN'S OPEN DOUBLES: Chunilal and Bulkraj beat Sen and B. N. Bannerji 7-5, 6-2.

MIXED OPEN DOUBLES: Miss Mason and Balwant Singh beat Mrs. Richard and Mittra 6-0, 11-9.

LADIES OPEN SINGLES: Mrs. Powell beat Mrs. Richard 4-6, 6-4, 6-4.

At the end of the matches Mrs. Sita Kishan Chand, wife of the District Magistrate gave away the prizes.

INDIAN TABLE TENNIS TEAM BEATEN

ZAGREB, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The local table tennis team Milicionar last night defeated the Indian touring team by five matches to 0 here.

The details were: Dolinar (Yugoslavia number 1, beat U. M. Chandarana 21-15 19-21 21-15 21-16 and beat R. Bhandari 21-16 21-14 21-13.

Vogrinz beat Chandarana 21-23 21-14 21-13 22-20 and beat Bhandari 21-13 19-21 21-15 21-19.

Vogrinz and Blaze beat Chandarana and Bhandari 25-23 21-17 21-17.

K. Jayant of the Indian team did not play owing to illness.

WILSON JONES LEADS COELHO

Final Of South India Zonal Billiards

MADRAS, Feb. 15, (PTI): In the final of the South India Zonal billiards Championship Wilson Jones, of Bombay, leads S J. Coelho, (Central Y.M.C.A., Madras) by 1681-1057 in the first days' play today of four hours.

Jones in play with an unfinished break of 14 continues tomorrow. His score of 1681 is a record aggregate for two session in this tournament, the previous best being that of T. A. Selvaraj, 1596.

Though Jones touched the three-figure mark only once, he was throughout playing a brilliant top of the table game. From difficult situations he retrieved himself on a number of occasions by playing a pot at which stroke he was deadly. He played the narrow long losers from the object while almost touching the cushion below the centre pocket on several occasions with unerring precision.

During the second session at one stage he was in such devastating form that he made 294 in six consecutive visits.

While Jones' play was markedly top-of-the-table style, Coelho exhibited superb control of the in-off style and on several occasions he had long runs of in-offs on the red.

Jones has an average of 20 points.

The scores are as follows:—Wilson Jones 1681.

S. J. Coelho; 1057.

Breaks by Wilson Jones: 64, 57, 57, 102, 72, 65, 75, 53, 65, 67, 61, 73, 65, 63.

Breaks by Coelho: 74, 56, 51, 57.

TOURISTS ARRIVE IN MADRAS

Commonwealth Side Doing "Fine"

MADRAS, Feb. 15, (PTI): All the fifteen members of the Commonwealth Cricket Team accompanied by their manager, George Duckworth arrived in Madras this afternoon by air from Hyderabad.

"Jock" Livingston, their captain, said on alighting from the plane they had a comfortable journey. He added that all the players were doing "fine".

The Commonwealth Cricketers were received at the airport by Mr. C. R. Pattabhiraman, President of the Madras Cricket Association and Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, vice-President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India.

Argentinians Beat Indian Polo Association

FIRST EXHIBITION MATCH ENDS IN 10 GOALS TO 7 WIN

JAIPUR, Feb. 15 (PTI).

The Argentine Polo Team defeated Indian Polo Association by ten goals to seven in their first polo exhibition match here today.

Capt. Bijay Singh for the Indian Polo Association and Carlos Torre Zavaleta for the Argentinians were prominent throughout the game. Zavalet was undoubtedly the best player on the ground today.

The Argentine team was weakened by an injury two days ago to Mario Inchauspe and he could not play today, but it was offset by the inability of Maharaj Col. Prithvi Singh to play for the Indian side due to a hand injury.

The Indian Polo Association team was further weakened by an injury to Maharaja of Jaipur who also did not play today. It is hoped both the Maharaja of Jaipur and Col. Prithvi Singh will be able to play for the second match on February 17.

Matches were played today over six chukkers. The visitors rode Indian ponies. Scores: Indian Team: Capt Bijay Singh (4) Maharajkumar Pushpendra Singh (2) Rao Raja Hanut Singh (1) and Argentine Team: Nicholas Ruiz Guinazu (3) Jose M. Torrez Zaveleta (2) Carlos Torrez Zeveleta (4) Dr. Denis Little (1).

TEAM: INDIAN POLO ASSOCIATION: Brigadier Rao Raja Hanut Singh, Maharaj Prem Singh, Maharajkumar Pushpendra Singh of Panna and Capt Bijay Singh.

ARGENTINE: Jose M. Torrez Zavaleta Nicholas Ruiz Guinazu, Carlos Torrez Zavaleta and Dr. Denis Little.

ABDUL BARI BEATS SMITH

Indian Reaches Quarterfinal Of Dunlop Squash Tourney

LONDON, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter).

Abdul Bari from Bombay, professional squash rackets champion of India, reached the quarterfinal stage of the Dunlop Professional Tournament at the Landsdowne Club, London, today when he beat Peter Smith of London 9/5 9/1 9/2. After being zero-five down in the first game, the Indian played impressively and once he had got the feel of the court there was never any doubt about the result. All the eight seeded men survived so that some interesting play is promised for the quarterfinals.

LEADING PLAYERS FOR W. I. BILLIARDS

Entries Close On. Feb. 27

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

As a fitting climax to the very successful season that Bombay has had in the "cue game", the Provincial Billiards Association in the first week of next month are organising the Western India Billiards and Snooker Championships.

These popular championships will be played at the Islam Gymkhana, where two tables will be in use during the conduct of the tournament. The Western India Championships, which start on the 3rd March, will be truly representative of the country's best talents.

In addition to the local stalwarts, holder of the W.I. billiards title Mansur Tybjee and the National champion Wilson Jones, invitations have been sent out to C. Hirji, the W. I. snooker title Selvaraj from the south and Vernon Freer. It is learnt that Hirji and Selvaraj have definitely accepted the invitations, and it is likely that Vernon Freer will also be seen in action in Bombay's premier tournament.

The entries close on the 27th February.

FOOTBALLERS MUST LEAD REGULAR LIVES

British Football Coach's Advice To Calcutta Clubs

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15 (PTI): Mr. George Ainsley, the British football coach of the Indian Football Association, told a group of trainees from various clubs of Calcutta here this evening that they had improved, but yet there were further chances of improvement.

Mr. Ainsley was speaking to the trainees on 'inside forward' at the tent of the City Athletic Club.

An inside forward had both the duties of an attacker and an able defender and also he should have a "football brain". He was the life behind a teams attack and was a sort of an oil can which kept the machine in running condition.

Pointing out that shooting power was certainly useful, Mr. Ainsley said that every inside forward should have capacity to head in cleverly. "More chances of scoring are wasted in India through lack of heading and by players sticking to their feet", he said.

Regularity in a footballer's life was very important. He needed good food and adequate rest in order to build up stamina essential for every players, the coach added.

"If you fail, I also fail but if you try along with my efforts you are sure to succeed", he said.

XAVIER'S RETAIN INTER COLLEGE HOCKEY SHIELD

Champions Prove Too Good For Khalsa In Final

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Yet another Inter Collegiate Hockey Tournament concluded today and St. Xavier's College emerged victorious beating their persistent rivals Khalsa College by two goals to nil in the final to win the Inter College Hockey shield.

The Xavierians were definitely the better side and though they fielded a depleted side they were still too good and with their speed and better combination proved that only team work can upset the calculations of any good side.

St. Xavier's College reigning champion of the Inter College Hockey tournament took the field confident of victory as is the case in the past, but Khalsa College were determined to make a fight of it and tried desperately to save the game.

For the Champions every player played his equal-share in winning and collecting the spoils. For the losers Alex Mendonca, Denzil and P. Lobo were inpressive.

St. Xavier's College drew first blood in the 10th minute through the initial half when a short corner came their way. Umpire Mendonca rightly awarded a short corner when a defender obstructed Tony Pereira from scoring in the semi-circle. Terence Le Febour attempted a hit from the corner shot, but it was stopped by an onrushing opponent. Remigio Fernandes, the Xavier's centre forward was well within reach and pushed the ball past a bewildered goalkeeper.

Fifteen minutes later Tony Pereira put St. Xavier's College on a sound footing when he sent in a close in shot past Vaidya in goal after trapping a pass from left outer Martin D'Sa.

St. Xavier's College were assured of success now but they still maintained pressure, though occasionally the Khalsa side broke through and tried a hand at scoring but their efforts in goal area were repeatedly foiled by the quick-footed defence.

With a lead of two goals St. Xavier's were still having the upper hand and some glorious scoring chances were missed by Martin D'Sa, Hugh Dias and R. Fernandes.

The Principal of the Khalsa College was introduced to the teams before the match and distributed the prizes.

The teams:—

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE:—Rui Dourado; T. Renechloiss, Gerry D'Souza; Anthony, Gracias, T. Le Febour, Tim Pereira; Ayres D'Souza, Tony Pereira, Rem. Fernandes, Hugh Dias, Martin D'Sa.

KHALSA COLLEGE:—Vaidya; Alva, A. Dias; Jagdale, A. D'Sa, C. Martin; C. Martin, F. Fernandes, Polycarp Lobo, Alex Mendonca, Joe D'Souza, Denzil Fernandes.

Umpires: Mendonca and Menes.

AARON OUTPOINTS JIM MURRAY

Indian Boxer Triumphs In London

LONDON, Feb. 14 (PTI-Reuter).

Aaron Joshua featherweight from India had a gruelling fight before he outpointed Jim Murray of Dagenham Essex in an eight rounds contest at the Westham Baths here tonight.

CRICKET FOR PARSI COLONY TEAMS

United Parsi Association Annual Shield Tourney

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The United Parsi Association are holding their annual cricket shield tournament among the Colony teams from March 4 to April 9.

The last date for receiving entries is February 20 and should be forwarded to Mr. H. J. H. Talyarkhan, Ahmed Manzil, Warden Road, Bombay.

GOAN SPORTS CLUB SECRETARIES ASSN.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Organization of Goan tournaments under the auspices of the Goan Athletic Association is causing some anxiety among inner circles and with a view to foster a keener spirit of sportsmanship among the various clubs and particularly to smoothen out the difficulties of various clubs, a general meeting of all Secretaries of Village Unions and Goan Sports Clubs has been called.

An organization known as the Goan Sports Club Secretaries Association is to be formed and a committee is to be appointed provisionally to form rules and regulations.

The General Meeting takes place on February 17 at 6-45 p.m. at Mater Dolorosa School, Sonapur and all Club Secretaries are cordially invited with their letters of authorisation.

'AUSSIES' TOUR OF NEW ZEALAND STARTS

WELLINGTON, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Cricket Team touring New Zealand, captained by Bill Brown opened their campaign with a comfortable victory in a one day match against Hutt Valley, a leading club of the New Zealand Minor Association.

The Australians scored 283 for seven in three hours in reply to Hutt Valley's 184 for eight declared.

J. Burke 19 years old New South Wales batsman made 101 and retired unbeaten.

John Reid who toured England with W. A. Hadlee's New Zealand team made 16 for the home side.

The outstanding bowler of the day was Jack Inverson, the Australian spinner, who took three wickets for 31 runs in 15 overs.

Blue Wizards' Lucky Win

JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Blue Wizards were rather lucky to score an odd goal in three win over St. Xavier's Association this evening in the Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament at the Cooperage. The winners were particularly lucky as the winning goal was scored in the first session of extra time.

St. Xavier's Association and Blue Wizards were concerned in a hard hitting and rather scrappy game. The umpires failed to take the law in their hands and it was lucky that the game did not go beyond their control. These junior matches should have stricter supervision otherwise bad hockey develops.

St. Xavier's Association scored the opening goal through Romeo Fernandes in the opening half but Almeida drew level for the Wizards and the score was one all at half time. St. Xavier's Association tried hard to exert their superiority but between them and goal stood goalkeeper Almeida of the Blue Wizards who effected at least a dozen brilliant saves.

Full time saw the teams on level terms and it was only in the first session of extra time that Blue Wizards scored the all important goal through F. D'Souza their centre forward.

RESUMPTION OF WOMEN'S HOCKEY

Killedar Cup Commences On Saturday, Feb. 18

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Killedar Cup Hockey Tournament run on a knock out basis among Women's hockey team commences on Saturday February 18 and the following is the draw:—

TOP HALF:

Bombay Greys "A" (Bye). Bombay City "B" vs. Panchgani Pansies; Bombay Greys "C" vs. St. Agnes High School.

BOTTOM HALF:

Lusitanians vs. Bombay Greys "B"; St. Xavier's College vs. Bombay Greys "D"; Bombay City "A" (Bye).

G. I. P. Held To A Draw

MYSORE GOLD CUP HOCKEY SEMI-FINALS

BANGALORE, Feb. 15 (PTI): The match between the G. I. P. Railway (Bombay) and the Hindustan Aircraft Factory in the semi-finals of the Maharaja of Mysore Gold Cup Hockey Tournament played here today ended in a goalless draw. The Aircraft had slightly the better of the exchanges. Both teams missed some easy chances of scoring. The aircraft wasted two penalty bullys, one in each half.

UNBEATEN CENTURY BY GONSALVES

Holiday Cricket In Bombay

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following are the results of cricket matches played today:—

Regal Sports Club beat Parsee Cyclists Club.

Parsee Cyclists S. C. 81 and 144 for 5 wkts. (E. J. Billimoria 82). Regal S. C. 190.

Bombay Gymkhana "A" beat Bohra Cricketers.

Bohra Cricketers 173 (H. Reshamwalla 43, J. Vanmathy 41, L. Kothari 40, Wales 5 for 32, Willis 3 for 50). Bombay Gymkhana "A" 188 (R. C. Thomas 74, D. N. Chalmers 17, P. C. Birse 17, P. D. C. R. Clark not out 17, C. D. Wales not out 21, Furniturewala 5 for 52, Kothari 4 for 18).

Kanara Young Cricketers beat Blue Rangers C. C.

Kana Y. C. C 243 for 7 dec. (Gopal K. Suvarna 101, B. B. Salian 49, Ragu D. Shetty 33, K. A. Bangara not out 22). Blue Rangers C. C. 121 (Y. M. Mendon 51, V. K. Mendon 27, T. M. Amin 4 for 36).

Hanuman C. C. (Ghatkopar) drew with Vasant Vijay C. C.

Hanuman C. C. 263 for 7 dec. (S. M. Patel 85, M. A. Daphtari 73, V. M. Shah 42, L. Jagesia 4 for 76, Belani 3 for 92). Vasant Vijay C. C. 121 for 3 wkst. (L. Jagasia not out 50, J. K. Shah not out 31).

Dr. Thakur's XI beat Chimbai C. C. (Gordhandas Cup).

Dr. Thakur's XI 258 for 7 wkts declared (M. M Gonsalves not out 108, V. G. Gupte 40). Chimbai C. C. 99 (Damodar 27, C Fernandes 5 for 15, S. G. Gupte 4 for 33).

Markel Lights

MARKEL & COMPANY
SANDHURST ROAD
BOMBAY
PHONE——41603

REVISED FARES MANGALORE LINE

The following revised Fares will come into force with the sailing of SABARMATI of Sunday, 19th February, 1950:—

	1st Class. Rs. as.	2nd Class Rs. as.	Deck. Rs. as.
MORMUGAO	62 0	45 0	15 0
KARWAR	69 0	46 8	15 8
TADRI	72 0	48 0	16 0
KUMTA	72 0	48 0	16 0
BHATKAL	81 0	54 0	18 0
MALPE	92 0	61 8	20 8
MANGALORE	98 0	65 8	21 12

Note—The above fares are without food.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Zam-Buk SOOTHES & HEALS SORE, ACHING BLISTERED FEET

Banishes Pain and Swelling

Compounded from rich medicinal oils which sink deep into the skin, Zam-Buk drives out aches and pains, removes inflammation, quickly heals blisters and sores. Rub Zam-Buk into your feet every night and they will always be comfortable and healthy. Zam-Buk softens corns and hard skin, makes them easy to remove. Zam-Buk is equally successful for skin diseases and injuries, cuts, burns, scalds, poisoned wounds, sores, eczema, ulcers, piles, etc. Guaranteed free from animal fat.

ZAM-BUK — WORLD'S GREATEST SKIN OINTMENT

Agent: Messrs. KEMP & CO., LTD. P. O. Box 937 BOMBAY.

ALL-INDIA RACKET IN RAILWAYS?

Goods Under-weighed By The Staff

Business Man Arrested In Bombay

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D., it is learnt are on the scent of a sensational all-India racket by which the revenues of the Government Railways, are annually defrauded to the tune of several lakhs, by unscrupulous Government servants in collusion with certain big business interests in the key cities of India.

A beginning in this direction, it is claimed, has been made by the A.C.B. men, who arrested in the City last evening Masumali Hirjee, an importer, Pritamlal Parikh, his manager and Ishvarlal Ajmera, the former's clerk.

Information is learnt to have been received by the A.C.B., that wagons of goods consigned to Bombay were underweighed at the place of origin, and despatched to destinations. Merchants, who benefited, by the undercharging, made it worthwhile to whosoever among the Government servants was responsible for the favour. But, it was difficult to detect this type of fraud, for the volume of goods consigned to Bombay, is usually very large, and it was an impracticable proposition to weigh and check each item.

But, the A.C.B., it is learnt received specific information that a wagon of glass were consigned to Hirjee and Company, from their branch office at a place near Calcutta, had been underweighed. When the wagon reached Wadi Bunder Goodsyard, the A.C.B. Officers who were waiting for its arrival, checked the freight papers and reweighed the consignment. While the Railway receipt made out that the total weight was 168 Bengal Maunds, it is alleged to have actually weighed 230 maunds. The difference amounted to a loss of Rs. 1,000 to the Railways.

Since the consignment was despatched from Masumali Hirjee's branch office near Calcutta, he was arrested on the suspicion that he had a hand in the defrauding. His manager and clerk were also put under arrest.

The A.C.B., it is learnt have contacted the police of West Bengal, and important developments are expected.

SUDDEN SWOOP ON A SHOP

Incident In East Bengal

BOGRA, (East Pakistan), Feb 15 (UPI): About six armed men suddenly entered the shop of one Devendra Natha Saha in the local bazar on Sunday evening and decamped with cash of more than a thousand rupees after wounding one of the shop employees.

The District Magistrate, Bogra, on receipt of the information, went to the spot and held an enquiry.

Further police investigation is proceeding.

POLICEMAN SHOOTS AT DOG; WOUNDS MAN

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 15. (PTI): A passer-by was injured when a policeman, shooting at a stray dog from a police van last night, misaimed. He was removed to hospital where his condition is reported to be improving.

MALAYAN INSURGENTS CROSS INTO SIAM?

C.I.D. Chief To Investigate

BANGKOK, Feb. 15 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Chief of Siam's Criminal Investigation Department was leaving for South Siam today to investigate persistent reports that Malayan insurgent forces one thousand strong had crossed the border into Songkla Province.

Premier Marshal Luang Pibul Songkram was known to have appointed the C.I.D. Chief as his personal investigator because of conflicting reports from the area due to undependable communications with Bangkok.

Yesterday the Siamese military general staff was reported to have warned the Premier of possible trouble in the north and north-eastern parts of the country if the Government recognised the Viet Nam Government of Bao Dai.

COLD WAVE KILLS MONEY, CROPS

Havoc In Gujerat

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Feb. 15.

The recent cold wave has caused havoc amongst farmers in Gujerat, as most of the winter crop has been destroyed. The Kisans had cultivated their fields with the help of "tagavi" loans from the Government, but owing to the cold havoc, they have been left with no means of repaying the loans. Demands have been made that the repayment of "tagavi" loans should be postponed. It may be mentioned that the winter crops are money crops, and as such the farmers have been reduced to a pitiable plight.

Curfew In Asansol

ASANSOL, Feb. 15. (PTI): The Sub-Divisional Officer promulgated a curfew of the entire town of Asansol from 8 p.m. yesterday to dawn today, following some stray stabbing case in the Chelidanga area last evening.

Elaborate measures have been taken by the authorities to prevent recurrence of such cases. The situation in the town remains normal.

U. K. PLANS TO DETECT BIGAMY

Index Of Families To Be Made

LONDON, Febb. 15, (UPI): A comprehensive plan, envisaging the preparation of a great index of Britain's 120,000,000 families, is being discussed by experts of the Registrar-General's Department with a view to preventing and detecting bigamous marriages in England.

Recent investigations have revealed that Britain is the most bigamous country in Europe and the incidence of bigamous marriages there, is twice as large today as it was before the war. Yet, according to semi-official estimates, the chances of detecting this elusive crime are between 20 and 50 to 1, although the punishment is heavy, carrying a maximum penalty of seven years' imprisonment.

The present marriage details available in Britain are described as "not intended to reveal bigamies", while if the new plan is introduced every family would be listed as a unit—father, mother and children, as they arrive,—and cross—indexed, so that it would be easy to find out what happened to them for ever afterwards.

The undiscovered bigamies numbering about 20,000, however, will not be detected by the new plan and the effect on checking bigamy in the future will also be very slow, it is stated.

General statistics show that four men to every woman are more likely to commit it between 21 and 29 and least likely to commit it after 60. Women between 17 and 21 are six times as likely to commit it, however, than men in the same age-group.

LOSSES INCURRED IN COMMUNAL RIOTS

Income Tax Concession

AMBALA, Feb. 14. (PTI): Losses suffered in Pakistan by displaced Indian business men, during the 1947 communal disturbances, will be treated as legitimate losses for Income Tax assessments.

The Central Board of Revenue, it is understood, has directed the Income Tax authorities to take such losses into account in assessing displaced businessmen in India. The carry forward is to be set off against Indian profits if the business in India is the same as in Pakistan and the business in Pakistan has been closed.

This concession follows a representation made by the Committtee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce (Desi Beopar Mandal), Ambala for treatment of the capital losses and losses in stocks suffered by displaced businessmen as legitimate losses while assessing their India income.

TEXTILE MILL CLOSES IN JAMNAGAR

No More Cotton Stocks

JAMNAGAR, Feb. 15, (PTI): The Digvijaya Spinning and Weaving Mills, Jamnagar, has closed down from today following the "non-availability of the quantq of cotton used by the mill.

A press note says: "The Textile Controller has already sanctioned the quota of cotton needed by the mills from Madhya Bharat and other areas, which is expected to arrive within a very short time".

REFUGEES ATTACK POLICE

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Feb. 15.

A batch of refugees attacked the Control Branch Police who had gone to eradicate black market in the cloth trade which refugee vendors on the foot-paths were said to be indulging in. Police took possession of one "taka" of cloth which was being sold at black market rates from one vendor in the presence of panch witnesses. It is reported that immediately refugees gathered and attacked the police, snatching the seized cloth, and securing the release of the arrested trader.

Streptomycin Effective

PARIS, Feb 15, (PTI-Reuter): Doctors from 16 countries meeting here announced yesterday that the drug streptomycin properly used could cure tubercular meningitis hitherto incurable.

Streptomycin was discovered in the United States in 1945.

The United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund, sponsors of a four-day conference just ended, said it recommended uniform methods of re orting results in all hospitals where streptomycin was used.

Pakistan Becomes Member Of I.M.F.

EXCHANGE RATIO TO BE DECIDED

KARACHI, Feb. 14, (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan has become a member of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Joseph Rucinski leader of the Bank's Fact Finding Mission to Pakistan disclosed here today.

The mission which arrived here today from Bangkok will also consider the present exchange rate of the Pakistan rupee in relation to the Indian rupee and other currencies in so far as it affects Pakistan's trade position and capacity to earn foreign exchange Rucinski added.

He said Pakistan's membership of the two monetary organisations had not yet been put into effect formally but her quota in the Fund and her subscription to the Bank had been agreed and accepted by the Pakistan Government.

He would not say how much money Pakistan had agreed to pay.

A Question Of Humour

LONDON, Feb. 15, (UPI): Inability to appreciate Anglo-Saxon humour is thought to be the explanation of the Argentine authorities' arrest of Mr. Frank B. Kirton, 43 British subject long resident in Buenos Aires, according to a report appearing in a British paper here.

A fortnight ago Mr. Kirton beccame the father of a boy over 7 lbs. in weight. A friend sent him a cable: "Congratulations on arrival of three and a half kilos of dynamite."

Mr. Kiron was dragged from his bed last Thursday and is held in communicado in Buenos Aires Federal Prison. No definite charge has been made against him, but it is understood that he is accused of an offence against the security of the State. The police refuse to discuss the case with the British Consul and the Argentine Foreign Ministry has not given any satisfaction to inquries by the British Embassy.

The United States authorities have not been able to make any contact with the three Americans, George, Arthur and Elmer Pope, who are in gaol with an undisclosed number of Argentines rounded up during the present political flurry.

SILK PRODUCERS TO MEET IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Feb. 15, (PTI-Reuter): Representatives of India, Pakistan, China and Japan will be among the world's silk producers meeting in New York in Octob to discuss "long-range programme for the "good and welfare" of their industry.

Mr. Paolino Gerli, President of the American branch of the International Silk Association, told a press conference that he estimated about 400 delegates from 32 countries would attend the conference, and would discuss the technical and fashion phases of the industry and try to standardise contracts and description of terms and stabilise world prices.

Mr. Gerli said before the war Japan produced 75 per cent of world's silk Today she produces 80 per cent.

HYDERABAD STATE SOCIALIST PARTY

Committee To Finalise List Of Candidates

HYDERABAD (Deccan), Feb. 15 (PTI): The Hyderabad State Socialist Party executive today set up a three-man parliamentary sub-committee including Mr. B. S. Mahadev Singh, Secretary of the State Socialist Party, "for finalising the list of party candidates" for the forthcoming elections to the State Constituent Assembly.

Mr. M. Seshadri, Revenue Minister, Hyderabad Government, said today over the Hyderabad Radio that the recent exchange of enclaves between Hyderabad and Bombay and Madras had completed the preparation for achieving uniformity in the land revenue administration in Hyderabad State.

Mr. Seshadri added that proposals for the assimilation of the jagirs and the enclaves with the diwani (areas under direct administrative control of Government) were under consideration and the process was expected to be completed in the next two months.

Explaining the problems which faced the Hyderabad Government in respect of land revenue administration, Mr. Seshadri said that the striking disparity in the distribution of land in the Telangana districts of the State had been the foundation of the Agrarian agitation in that area. To investigate the issues of this problem, he said, Government appointed a Committee and its recommendations were under active examination by the Government.

Demand For Uniform Rice Rations

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Feb. 15.

Workers in villages have urged Government not to discriminate between cities and villages, but give rice rations on a uniform basis everywhere. At present people in the cities are given half a pound of rice per week, while villagers receive only half a pound per month. The question will be discussed at the District Price Advisory Committee.

COMMUNISTS ATTACK BURMA VILLAGE

Government Forces Kill 30

RANGOON, Feb 15, (UPI): Hpagu, a village under the Syriam Police Jurisdiction, was attacked by a force of Communists recently. Government forces in the village drove off the attackers, killing 30. The rest of the Communists withdrew taking their wounded.

THE ODDS ON LABOUR

LONDON, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Betting fans are having some mild flutters with bookmakers on the British General Elections, but so far it is anybody's election. Odds at eleven to ten are slightly in favour of Labour coming back, with perhaps a reduced majority. Some bookmakers refuse to go beyond even betting between the Tories and the Labour, but some offer upto six to four in favour of Labour.

Need For Bridging East-West Gulf

TCRY PAPERS PLAY UP CHURCHILL'S PLEA

LONDON, Feb. 15 (P.T.I.): Most of the Conservative papers in Britain this morning pounced on Winston Churchill's reference yesterday at Edinburgh to the need for a supreme effort to bridge the gulf between Russia and the West, to play it up for all it was worth as a major contribution to British foreign policy, cables K. Gopalan, P.T.I. correspondent in London.

Mr. Churchill himself may be the most surprised man at the display in the papers given to his incursion — for the first time by either of the two major parties in this election — into the field of the foreign policy of Britain.

Coming towards the tail-end of his speech, after his usual comment on domestic issues, his views on the atom and hydrogen bombs tended rather to criticism of the Labour Government not keeping abreast in this armaments race than a radical approach to Soviet Russia which, for instance, it the main plank of Communist electioneering.

WHY NOT WE?

Mr. Churchill said, "I do not know why it is that when we were so far advanced into this new mysterious region of atomic war, we should have fallen so completely behind in these last four years. It is very odd that we should not have been able to take the atomic bomb for ourselves by now. It seems to me one of the most extraordinary administrative lapses that have ever taken place".

WHAT IF GESTURE FAILS?

The Manchester Guardian's diplomatic correspondent saying that this was the first real Tory attack on the Labour Government's policy asked whether the reference by Mr. Churchill to another talk with Russia was electioneering or more. He said, "is this like one which Mr. Churchill really believes will produce any positive results, or is it to be regarded only as a good, a very good election policy? It is certainly a line which seems to run directly counter to that recently enunciated by Mr. Acheson who made it clear that in his view it was useless to try to reach agreement with the Russians except on questions of practical fact where our position was palpably stronger that Moscow's".

In its main leader, the Manchester Guardian advised election candidates not to follow Mr. Churchill's lead in trying to drag diplomacy towards Russia into their election speeches. The paper asked, "What if a gesture such as Mr. Churchill suggested were made and failed disastrously? Are we ready to accept the consequences?"

The paper said: "That may be a gamble even worse than our present state".

ELECTION MANOEUVRE

The Communist "Daily Worker" calls Churchill's suggestion "an election manoeuvre." Stating that Labour leaders have slavishly followed out Tory foreign policy, the "Daily Worker" in its editorial said: "The Atlantic war alliance carried out by Mr. Bevin was his (Churchill's) creation. Even while he talks of a new approach, his entire speech reeks of anti-Soviet hatred."

The paper asked: "If he is sincere in his desire for a new approach to the Soviet Union why did he not propose this in his broadcast of February 6?".

The paper added: "On the contrary he used even that recent broadcast to bolster up Bevin and praise the Government's foreign policy, a policy which he and the Conservatives have supported at every turn".

TRUMAN'S VIEW

While Churchill was suggesting at Edinburgh another "Big Three" talk, President Truman was almost anticipating American official opinion to such a move. In an interview with The New York Times Washington correspondent, Mr. Truman indicated that he did not believe that any Russian promises given in talks could be kept.

He said that he has "no hope the Russians will keep any agreement which it would be good policy for the United States to seek".

The London correspondent of the same paper, reporting Churchill's speech said that Churchill was thought to have broken the spirit of the inter-party truce on foreign policy in his speech "by throwing the atomic bomb into the election campaign." He wrote that in raising hopes of a truce with Russia, Churchill may well "set forth a new issue that will blanket the more parochial problems of jobs, food and housing."

The correspondent added that it might be that Churchill had "touched off a vote-getting issue."

Enquire Into Nasik Firing

POONA, Feb. 15, (PTI): Mr. D. R. Bedekar, a former member of the Communist Party, today demanded a public inquiry into the recent Nasik Jail firing.

In a statement to the press he said Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, the Socialist leader, had given a "positive lead" on the question of Salem firing and "I hope this lead will be followed in the Bombay State in respect of the Nasik firing".

GASPERI GETS VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

Deputies Fight And Bite

ROME, Feb 14. (PTI-Reuter). The Italian Chamber of Deputies tonight gave Christian Democrat Premier Alcide de Gasperi's fortnight old coalition Government its first official vote of confidence after a 20 minute first fight among Deputies.

The vote was given by 314 votes to 189.

Six Deputies were assisted off the floor of Parliament black eyed and bitten after left and right-wing members had punched and kicked each other in fierce battle.

The trouble began when the Prime Minister referred to a meeting of left-wing deputies at Modena after the recent shooting of six strikers as "the Modena parade".

SINKIANG SEALED OFF BY REDS

Caravan Trade With India Will Suffer

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15 (PTI): Bleak prospects are held out for India's trans-Himalayan caravan trade with Sinkiang during the next summer, according to information brought here by Sinkiang refugees. Chinese Communists have already sealed off strategic outposts along the border checking the movement of locals outside the province. It is felt that this would materially arrest the free flow of trade between the two countries.

It is recalled that normally several caravan trade parties carrying rich merchandise every year across the high mountain peaks of Kuen Leun, Karakoram and great Himalayan ranges come to India to sell their wares. After selling their goods in different parts of India, these traders usually visit Mecca and return to Sinkiang only to fill their packs for another caravan trip to India.

Trade goods from Sinkiang consist of raw silk, karakul, fur and curios.

During the last two years large numbers of these traders who were stranded in Leh, capital of Ladakh, with rich merchandise were helped to reach India safe by the Indian troops.

SHORTAGE OF CYCLES IN INDIA

Plea For Imports

NEW DELHI, Feb. 14 (PTI): A joint deputation of the representatives of the cycle importers of Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Delhi waited on Mr. A. S. Lall, Joint Secretary to the Ministry of Commerce, Government of India, yesterday in connection with the restrictions on the import of cycles.

The deputationists presented a memorandum urging the Government to allow free import of bicycles.

The memorandum stated that the stocks in the market had been completely exhausted and prices of cycles had gone up by over 50 per cent.

Quoting figures of consumption, import and local manufacture of cycles the memorandum stated: "The local production at present is not over 72,000 cycles a year, whereas the requirements of the country are estimated at about six lakhs.'

"The gap of five lakh cycles, the memorandum added, "is too big to be ignored, as a bicycle is an essential commodity."

ART OF GREATER INDIA

Exhibition At Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 14.

Hindu, Buddhist and other art works from India, Pakistan and Ceylon are being assembled in Los Angeles, from North American and European museums and art galleries, for the "Art of Greater India" exposition which will open March 2. Siamese, Malayan, Javanese, Afghan and Indo-Chinese collections are also arriving.

Sculptures, paintings, carpets and rugs, pottery, jewelry, and ivory handiwork are among the art treasures to be shown. They date from about 4,500 years ago to the 18th century. The exhibition will occupy three main-floor galleries of the Los Angeles County Museum.

Henry Trubner, the museum curator of oriental art, toured United States and European museums arranging for the loan of items for the Los Angeles exhibit, which will continue until April 16.—USIS.

Magnetic Disturbances

MADRAS, Feb. 15, (PTI): Ionospheric and magnetic disturbances are likely between February 18 and 24, according to the Kodaikanal Observatory.

PARIS, Feb. 14: Twelve Vietnamese children were killed when a grenade exploded during a demonstration at Phan Thet, sixty miles east of Saigon to celebrate the ratification of the Vietnam independence, Agence France Presse reported today. Six arrests were made.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Feb. 14

120	Ready Japan	6 3	0
150	Ready Japan	4 13	0
120	Ready Italy	5 7	0
150	Ready Italy	4 11	0
150	D. Box Feb.	927 0	0
150	D. Box March	925 0	0

The Board has lifted the ban on new business and has fixed ceiling price at Rs. 1000 and floor of Rs. 875 for February and March contracts.

SHARP RISE IN N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Wall Street Market Barely Steady

NEW YORK, Feb 14

COTTON. Small opening gains were sharply extended in active dealings with all deliveries touching new seasonal highs. Buying was more or less general and offerings were limited which was again a market feature. Continued talks of a higher than recently anticipated government selling price for 1948 stocks was the chief factor on the upturn, although reports that Austria, Denmark and India may buy cotton were additional incentives. Profit-taking and hedging based largely on technical considerations subsequently resulted in modest reactions.

In the afternoon prices rallied smartly influenced by aggressive demand for old crops possibly based on persistent rumours that the Government selling price for 1948 loans stocks will be around 33 cents a pound, basis memphis. On the othernand, far distants lagged reflecting profit-taking. The session closed very steady with sales estimated at 330,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

March	32.15 + 30
May	32.24 + 26
July	31.90 - 27
October	29.69 - 27
Middling spot	33.10 + 30

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	31.88 + 20
May	32.06 + 23
July	31.73 + 23
October	29.60 + 10
Middling spot	32.15 + 30

New York Cotton March Highest 32.16 at 15.00 hrs, lowest 31.92 at 1.00 hrs.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: Traders returned from the holiday week-end to find the Government move on coal postponed pending new contract talks on February 15th between the union and the mine owners. Stocks milled about for a time in rather active but indecisive trade before developing irregularly lower tendencies. These were mainly limited to fractions and included numerous pivotals. The averages at noon were industrials 201.98 and rails 54.31.

Early afternoon saw at fair sized wave of nervous selling and other liquidation carry values to widespread losses mostly ranging to two points before the bullish element intervened and brought comparative equilibrium to the market. In late trading the market showed a majority of losses mainly of fractions to one dollar or so including many industrials and rails. Most of the list finished with a predominance of losses ranging to one point or so, although televisions more than recouped declines and finished up to two points higher. The session closed barely steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph	149-1/2
Amerrex Holding Co.	34-3/4
Annaconda Copper Minning	29-1/4
Chase National Bank	38-3/4
Firestone Tyre	57
General Electric	44-7/8
General Motors (ex-dividend	76
Ingersoll Fund	68
International Nickel	28-1/8
National City Bank	45-3/4
New York Central Rail Road	12-1/4
Sinclair Oil Co.	22
Socony Vacuum Oil	16-1/8
Texas Corporation	61
Union Carbide	43
U.S. Smelting and Refining	38
U.S. Steel Common	29-3/4
Western Union "A"	20-5/8

The volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 2,200,000 shares.

The highest and lowest U.S steel trading prices were 30-1/8 and 29-1/2 respectively.

CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.

CHICAGO GRAINS developed a firm undertone reflecting a broader demand credited to commercial and export interest partly based on expectations of an improvement in export sales of United States grains. Some short covering was also attracted by inclement weather over the mid-west which is expected to hamper movement of grain to the terminal markets and limited hedge pressure.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.

March 2.19 May 2.09-1/8, July 1.90, September 1.90-1/2.

CONTINENTAL STOCK EXCHANGES

PARIS, Feb. 14: Although the bourse was still rather lifeless, the general appearance was slightly more healthy than yesterday. Buying was still sporadic. Rentes firmed following the steep fall in gold prices yesterday. Indo Chinese were mostly better on the promise of United States arms for Indo-China. Forward bankings were inclined to be easier but Indonesians were brighter. Internationals saw declines among Dutch issues and South African gold minings but oils were stimulated by the lively advance in shell.

BRUSSELS: The Societe Generale report was favourably received and the share at 6,250 retained yesterday's advance. The dividend for March first will be 225 francs against 200 previously. Elsewhere, colonials held their ground but textiles moved irregularly. Coals were firm.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 14: In the absence of new buying incentives, a slight pressure was sufficient to unsettle the market today. Business was quiet at the close the market was described as barely steady. Plantations were dull. Unilevers were well maintained and shippings showed some improvements.

NEW YORK PEPPER QUIET

NEW YORK, Feb 14: The pepper market was quiet but steady with spots done at 44 dollars and a further seller at 1.45. The upward trend of black pepper slowed somewhat after good absorption of the recent substantial arrivals and the persistent tightness in India. Following are today's closing prices. Spot 1.44 dollars traded, March 1.41 nominal, May 1.41 nominal, July 1.38 nominal, September 1.38 nominal, October 1.36 nominal, December 1.32 nominal. White pepper spot 2.30 asked.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, Feb 14. The pepper market was inactive with no material change in quotations. Sellers quoted black Lampong February-March, at 10sh 3d and white Muntok at 13sh. 8d. Shipping weigh while white Sarawak was quoted at 16sh 6-1/2d delivered weight per pound c.i.f. basis ports Malabar afloat was indicated at 1.140 sh., February at 1.130, February-March at 1.120 per cwt c.i.f. United Kingdom.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Feb 14. The pepper market was steady with both black Lampong and white Muntok unchanged at 580 and 870 dollars per picul respectively. Sellers were reserved owing to the scarcity of arrivals. The market will remain closed on February 17th and 18th.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Feb. 14.

2-1 2½	British Consols	70-5/8
3-1/2%	Conversion Loan, 1961	£ 94-1/8
4%	Funding loan 1960/90	£ 107-1/4
3-1/2%	War loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	£ 92-3/8
	Chartered Bank of India	£ 10-7-16
	Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	£ 90-1/2
	National Bank of India	£ 33

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5,206.

N. Y. SILVER SALES

The market responded to yesterday's holiday and both buyers and sellers increased their activity. Approximately 215,000 ounces were sold in the open market at unchanged price.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Feb. 14.

London: Silver spot and forward both 64 pence.

Gold bars fine per oz. £12-8-0.

LONDON COPRA MARKET

LONDON, Feb 14: The copra market was quiet. Straits-Dutch East Indians fair marchantable was steady with February-March quoted at £82-1/2 per ton c.i.f., but Philippines was neglected and slightly cheaper at 187 dollars per ton f.o.b.

The cocoanut oil market was quietly steady with Straits February-March shipment in bulk quoted at £123 per ton c.i.f. Ceylon was unoffered.

FAILURE OF CALCUTTA ELECTRIC DEBENTURES

Underwriters To Take 85 p.c. Of Issue

LONDON, Feb. 14.

The £3,000,000 debenture issue for the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation offered to British investors on the London Stock Exchange today was a failure.

The underwriters were left with 85 per cent of he issue though the corresponding rupee issue in India "equivalent to £2,000,000" was oversubscribed.

Despite what is regarded largely as a technical failure the sponsors were not disheartened. They thought people in Britain may have tended to take an exaggerated view of the recent disturbances in Calcutta.

In any case since the underwriting was taken "firm" Calcutta Electric gets the money which it needs for its development.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, Feb. 15.

Cotton prices continued sagging specially for 289 F which today broken previous lows of season. Export demand poor.

Yesterday's business 2,000 bales.

Exports 10,232 bales for Hongkong and Poland.

Local stocks estimated three and half lac bales showing increase of thirty-five thousand bales from last week.

Cottonseeds easier Demand poor. Gold steady.

CURRENT QUOTATIONS: Cotton NT rollers 67/8, Punjab 289 F four 67/8, Cottonseeds ready 5/8. March 5/8 6. Gold 98.

STOCK EXCHANGE: Valika Textiles 79 Mohammedi Steamship 99/8, Orient Airways 8/4, Murree Brewery 7/12 Steady but business small.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.

Previous closing		32.15
Today's opening		32.19
Difference		+ 04
Today's closing		32.16
Difference		+ 01

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Feb. 15

Stock Exchange opening prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 29 1 4
General Motors dol. 75 5 8
U S Steel Common dol 29 3/4
U S Steel Preference unquoted.—(PTI-Reuter).

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

TUNGABHADRA PROJECT

World Bank To Inspect

(By Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, February 15.

Tungabhadra Project comprises construction of masonry dam, 150 feet high at deepest foundations 8840 feet long across the river Tungabhadra near Mallapuram in Bellary District. The capacity of the lake is expected to be 113,000 mc feet.

The dam is a joint undertaking of Madras and Hyderabad Governments, each constructing the half of the dam lying in its respective territory. There will be one canal on other side irrigating areas in respective territory. The capital cost of the project is 1,700 lakhs of rupees.

The project was commenced in 1945 and till the end of 1949/50 Rs. 610 lakhs have already been spent on it. The money requirements for the next three years are as under:

(In lakhs)

	1950-51	1951-52	1952-53
Dollars	0.8125	0.4875	0.3250
Sterlings	0,2670	0.2670	0,2670
Rupees	473,9205	449.2455	164.4080
Total	475.0000	450.0000	165.0000

The purchases from the U. S. A. will amount to about 575.000 dollars and from U. K. will be about £80,000.

There is a hydro-electric part of the project. This project is irrigation cum power project and the Hyderabad Government has a share in it. There are two power houses, one at the dam site and other fifteen miles down below the river, called Canal Power House. The total capital cost of the project is 565 lakhs of rupees.

As already reported, the Hyderabad Government has applied for a loan of Rs. twenty-five crores from the International Bank to finance its share of the protect. The representatives of the Bank, who are expected here early next month will visit the site of the dam as a part of loan negotiations.

U. K. RICE TALKS AT BANGKOK

Last-Minute Hitch

BANGKOK, Feb. 15. (PTI-Reuter): A last-minute demand by the Siamese Ministry of Commerce today dislocated negotiations for a 1950 contract for British purchase of more than 400,000 tons of Siam rice.

Reliable sources reported that the Commerce Ministry demanded that British Asian purchasing territories should appoint Siamese firms as agents for handling at least 50 per cent of rice exports under the contract.

It was reported that the Siamese Government representative had been informed "on a high diplomatic level" that the eleventh hour putting forward of this demand was regarded by British quarters as a breach of the "most favoured nation" provisions in the Anglo-Siam treaty of commerce. Britain is also understood to have refused to accede to a price guarantee to protect Siam from any possible devaluation of sterling.

U. S. 'DESIGNS' IN FAR EAST

Moscow Radio Hits At Bangkok Meeting

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Moscow Radio political commentator, Jako Viktorov, said today that the Bangkok Conference of American diplomats was working out a plan for "pushing ahead the aggressive designs of American Imperialists in the Far East."

Viktorov, who is also foreign editor of the Communist Party newspaper "Pravda" said these "aggressive plans" were doomed to failure.

"The Imperialists will never succeed in checking the growth of the popular liberation movement in the Asian countries," he said.

The commentator called Dr. Philip Jessup, President Truman's Ambassador-at-Large, "a travelling saleman for Wall Street."

"Dr. Jessup's Far East tour was made" to prepare the ground for an aggressive bloc in the Pacific area", he said.—PTI-Reuter

LAHORE, Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Justice Mohammed Akram took the oath of office here today as one of the Judges of the Federal Court of Pakistan.

Sir Abdur Rahman, another Judge of the Federal Court who was sworn in at Karachi, has arrived in Lahore.

MAO SCORES DIPLOMATIC SUCCESS

30-Year Pact With Russia Signed

Long-term credit to China—return of Manchurian Railway—Soviet withdrawal from Port Arthur.

LONDON, Feb. 1, (PTI-Reuter).

THE Soviet Union and Communist China today signed a treaty linking more than a quarter of the world's population in "friendship and amity".

China's Foreign Minister Chou En-Lai-Tung and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky signed in Moscow after two months negotiations.

The Communist leader, who went to Russia on December 16 soon after consolidating his victory on the Chinese mainland, was joined a month later by his Foreign Minister, Chou En-Lai.

Throughout the negotiations—on which Moscow remained silent—there were reports in the United States of secret agreements in which the Chinese gave special rights to Russia in Manchuria and certain North China ports.

The Communist New China News Agency denied them.

Moscow Radio last night broadcast the full text of a 'communique' issued after the friendship treaty was signed between China and Russia in the Kremlin.

The 'communique' said: "The negotiations, which took place in an atmosphere of cordiality and friendly mutual understanding, confirmed the striving of both sides to strengthen in every way and to develop the relations of friendship and co-operation between them, as well as their desire to co-operate for the purpose of guaranteeing general peace and the security of the nations.

The negotiations ended by the signing in the Kremlin on February 14 of:

1: A treaty of friendship, alliance and mutual aid between the Soviet Union and the Chinese Peoples Republic.

2. "Agreements on the Chinese Chan Chung Railway, Port Arthur and Dalny, (Dairen), under which, after the signing of the peace treaty with Japan, the Chinese Chan Chung Railway will pass into complete ownership of the Chinese People's Republic, while Soviet troops will be withdrawn from Port Arthur.

3. "Agreements by which the Government of the USSR, will give the Government of the Chinese Peoples' Republic a long-term economic credit for payments of deliveries of industrial and railway equipment from the USSR."

The 'communique' then gave the various clauses of the treaty of friendship and said that the present agreement comes into force immediately from the date of its ratification to be effected in Peking.

The agreement will remain in force for 30 years and unless one of the high contracting parties one year previous to the expiry of the agreement declares its desire to denounce the agreement, it will remain in force for a further period of five years and in accordance with these regulations will be prolonged.

A special agreement also signed today provides for transfer of the Chan Chung railway to Chinese ownership and withdrawal of Soviet forces from the naval base of Port Arthur.

Both measures are to take effect immediately after signing of a peace treaty with Japan but in any case not later than 1952.

The agreement provides for handing over to China of installations in the Port Arthur District with compensation by China to the Soviet Union for expenditure on restoration carried out since 1945.

During the period before Soviet troops are withdrawn and the installations handed over, the Soviet and Chinese governments are to appoint an equal number of military representatives to a Joint Military Commission, over which both parties are to preside in turn. This will be in charge of military affairs in Port Arthur.

Russia is to transfer her rights in the joint administration of the Chan Chung Railway and all property belonging to it to the Chinese People's Republic without compensation.

The Administration in Dairen "belongs entirely to the Chinese People's Republican Government."

All property now in Dairen, in provisional control of or leased by Russia, is to be taken over by the Chinese Government.

A Joint Commission of three representatives from each country is to work out methods of handing over and "complete their realisation during 1950."

The agreement, signed by Foreign Ministers Vyshinsky and Chou En-lai, enters into force on the day of ratification, which will take place in Peking.

The new agreement confirms the full sovereignty of Outer Mongolia, the radio added.

Russia will hand over to China "without compensation property acquired by Soviet economic organisations from Japanese owners in Manchuria" Moscow radio added. Both nations agreed "to prevent resurgence of imperialism and aggression of Japan or of any other power"

If either party is attacked by Japan or powers allied with her and finds itself in a state of war, the other party will immediately give military and other aid with all the xsans at its disposal the communique said.

30 YEARS

Both countries bind themselves to seek the conclusion of a peace treaty with Japan "in conjunction with their allies during the second world war", the radio said, and both agree not to conclude any alliance directed against the other.

The treaty will remain in force for 30 years.

If neither side denounces it within a year of expiry it will remain in force for another five years and can then be prolonged again

The Soviet loan to China is to be refunded in ten yearly instalments beginning in December 1954, interest being paid half yearly.

Russia and China "undertake in the spirit of friendship and cooperation and on the basis of equality and respect for the sovereignty and integrity and non-interference in the internal affairs of the other party to develop and consolidate their economic and cultural ties and to render all possible economic aid and cooperation".

In a speech after the signing M. Vyshinsky said, "The treaty expresses the striving of our two peoples for eternal friendship, for the greater benefit of mankind peace and international cooperation.

"The determination of our peoples to develop and strengthen the economic and cultural links between the U.S.S.R. and China and help each other economically is expressed by the willingness of the Soviet Union to grant long term credits to China.

"The agreement and treaty signed today is a most important contribution to the cause of the consolidation of peace and democracy in he whole world"

Mr. Chou En-Lai said the treaty was based on the vital interests of China and the Soviet Union and indicated the brotherly friendship and eternal cooperation between the two countries.

"The documents express the whole hearted assistance rendered by the Soviet Union to the revolutionary cause of the Chinese people", he added.

"There can be no doubt that this close and sincere cooperation between China and the Soviet Union has a profound historical meaning and will inevitably have a paramount influence on the cause of peace and justice of the eastern peoples and of the world".

CREDIT FEATURES

The agreement on credits said the Soviet Government would grant the Chinese People's Government a credit of three hundred million American dollars (£107,410,000) calculated on the basis of thirty-five dollars to an ounce of pure gold.

In view of the large-scale damage caused to China as a result of prolonged war operations, the Soviet Government is prepared to grant the credit on the favourable terms of one per cent per annum.

The credit will be granted over five years from January 1, 1950, in five equal instalments yearly of one-fifth of the total sum.

The credit will be used for purchase from Russia of equipment and materials including electrical power stations, metallurgical and engineering plants, mining equipment and rolling stock and transport equipment, as well as other materials needed for the economic rehabilitation of China.

Specification of the items, the quantities and prices and the terms of delivery are to be established in a separate agreement. Prices will be calculated on the basis of world market quotations.

Parts of the credit not used during any of the one-year period may be used during the following period.

The Chinese People's Government will repay loan and interest with supplies of raw materials and tea, and in gold and American dollars. The prices for the raw materials and tea, their quantities and terms of delivery will be fixed in a separate agreement, taking due regard to world market prices.

Repayment of the credit is to be effected in 10 years, in equal annual parts of one-tenth of the amount received and not later than December 31 of each year. The first payment is to be effected not later than December 31, 1954, and the last by December 31, 1963.

Payments of interest on the credits, calculated from the date of utilisation of the corresponding part of the credit is to be half-yearly.

'BLOW TO AMERICANS'

HONG KONG: Left-wing Chinese today welcomed the thirty-year treaty between Communist China and the Soviet Union as a heavy blow to Americans and other "Imperialists." First general reaction was that Mao Tse-tung, the Chinese Communist leader, had scored a diplomatic success and enhanced his prestige, while Russia had won a propaganda victory by seemingly offering much and demanding little.

MOSCOW.—Russia's two leading newspapers the official "Izvestia" and the Communist Party "Pravda", today devoted their entire front pages to the Soviet treaty with Communist China.

They published an official 'communique' without editorial comment and a picture showing Marshal Stalin and Mao Tse-Tung side by side at the pact signing—each wearing a plain tunic buttoned up to the neck.

The picture showed Foreign Ministers Andrei Vyshinsky and Chou En-lai signing the treaty with other leading figures including M. Vyacheslav Molotov and M. Andrei Gromyko, looking on.

A SMOKE-SCREEN

TAIPEH.—Chinese Nationalists at their headquarters here said today that the Russian treaty with the Mao Tse-tung Government was a "smoke-screen" covering secret agreements for Communist expansion in South-East Asia.

Communist China had put a formal seal on her war-and-peace alignment with the Soviet Union, Nationalist quarters declared.

Shah Of Iran To Tour East Pakistan

KARACHI, Feb. 15 (UPI): The Shah of Iran, who is arriving in Karachi shortly will tour the East Pakistan during the first week of next month, it is understood.

The Governor-General of Pakistan, Khwaja Nazimuddin, is likely to accompany the Shah on his East Bengal tour.

SIVARATRI WITH GUSTO

A bout on the sands—friendly, but firm—in celebration of Mahasivaratri Day.

RECOGNISE INDIAN MEDICAL SYSTEM

Munshi's Call To Government

NEW DELHI, February 15.

INAUGURATING the second All India National Medical Conference here today, Mr. K. M. Munshi said that the granting of official recognition to Indian systems of medicine was "the demand of the hour."

He asked: "Is it in the national interest to deny official recognition to systems of medicine the practitioners of which cater to an overwhelmingly large number of people in this country?

"If you do, you kill the very large health-organisation which tradition has given us and which serves the country without the prospects of replacing it for decades" he said.

Over 100 delegates from all over India — most of them well known exponents of the Ayurvedic and Unani systems of medicine — attended the Conference

The Conference aims, among other things at "the evolution of a single national system of medicine" through a "synthesis" of what is best in all medical systems. It attempts to inculcate and maintain a spirit of comradeship among members of the Indian medical profession in general and the qualified practitioners of Indian medicines in particular.

CHOPRA COMMITTEE

Mr. Munshi referred to the Chopra Committee report published last year which laid down a programme by which the standard of the Indian systems of medicine could be raised and their practitioners brought up to the requisite level. "It is unfortunate", he said, "that the medical profession which follows the western system and the Indian Medical Association, its organ, took unkindly of this report.

Mr. Munshi said that he was opposed to any attempt at "shelving or bypassing" the recommendations of the Chopra Committee because it was against both national interests and popular opinion in the country.

Dr. Y. Suryanarayana Rao, presiding over the session, urged the Government of India to create a separate department of Indian medicine and place it under the charge of a separate officer qualified for the post. "This is vital if the medical relief problems of the country are to be solved in a satisfactory manner. Otherwise the country will be landed in a predicament worse than the one Emperor Tughlak was reputed to have created by his wild schemes."

As one of the ways to achieve "synthesis" of the best in the existing medical systems, Mr. Rao suggested the imparting of training in Indian medicine for those practising western systems.

AMRIT KAUR'S POINT

The Health Minister Rajkumari Amrit Kaur in a message to the conference pleaded for a "liberal attitude" while considering plans for the development of medicine in India. "Our attitude should be based on the acceptance of all that is good and valuable in all the systems that exist."

The Health Minister said: "The Government of India are proposing to establish facilities for research into Ayurveda and Unani on the broadest possible basis and to ensure that all that is useful in the way of drugs, principles and practices in these systems secured and preserved for the benefit of mankind.

"What the Chopra Committee has called a synthesis of medical systems is really the fusion of such knowledge with modern medicine. Until this synthesis is achieved, India cannot afford to lag behind other countries as regards the standards of medical training given to those who are entrusted with the health of the people, and in my view, it is therefore essential that every practitioner of medicine should have all the basic knowledge that modern medical education provides."

Harvard Has A Word For Ayurveda

MADRAS, Feb. 15 (P.T.I.): The Harvard University, U.S.A., has sent a letter to Dr. A. Lakshmipathi, exponent of Ayurveda system of medicine of Madras, appreciating his publications on the Ayurvedic system of medicine.

The University has also sent him ten dollars as a "token recognition" of the work done by him in Ayurveda research.

OBSERVE FEB. 21 AS "SOLIDARITY DAY"

Bihar Students' Call

PATNA, Feb. 15 (UPI): The Bihar Provincial Students' Federation has called for observance of February 21, as the "International Solidarity Day" with the youths and students fighting against colonialism.

A statement issued by the Federation says: "February 21, is the symbol of heroic struggle waged by the fighting youth against every form of colonialism

The Federation has also condemned the firing on security prisoners in Nasik, Salem, and in other jails and called upon the students to bring pressure on the Government to put an end to such a "ghastly policy".

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I read in the newspapers that Copenhagen has launched an experiment, the Marriage School. Ha, I can see the leer in the eyes of the young bloods and bloodesses at the thought that I have been inveigled at last into writing on this subject. But they will be sadly disappointed. What I have to say relates solely to the Copenhagen experiment.

We are told that the motto of the School is "Better a broken engagement than a broken marriage", a concession, I may observe, to bourgeois sentiment. There is little to choose between the two and certainly we shall not see a better world by transferring breakages to an earlier stage. Moreover, if the motto conveys the impression that the School deals with the before-marriage stage, the short account of the curriculum that has appeared, suggests something very different. "It teaches", we are told, "men and women how to overcome, and if possible avoid entirely the crisis of married life." If this is to be read in the light of the motto, one can fairly infer that the School is not a Marriage, but a No-Marriage, School. Anything else would be quite incorrect. Evidently the men behind the School expect to be congratulated for restricting their activities to breaking engagements and not interesting themselves in breaking marriages.

The School, however, has been acclaimed as a unique institution by an Englishman—the English always had an inferiority complex on this subject in relation to Scandinavians—and evidently it is meant to make marriages durable. It might be the first school to be devoted to this purpose but it is not the first effort by any means. The amiable Vicar of Wakefield had his own prescription and he made no secret of it: "I chose my wife as she chose her wedding-gown not for a fine glossy surface but for qualities that wear well." Possibly the Copenhagen School is meant to teach people how to look below the "glossy surface".

So far as one can make out, the Marriage School, at its best, seems an effort to make match-making respectable and institutionalized. And this is always a dangerous pastime.

Some years ago, a leading member of the Erratic Club was in an advanced state of infatuation and it was agreed that the woman was not good enough for him or he was not good enough for her; and both. In short it was the usual, common or garden, infatuation. What made it different was that two of his friends decided to apply drastic remedies to end it before it reached the marriage stage—exactly like the Marriage School. So the two decided to play a slick trick. Mr. Booby was to ask the lady out for a stroll on the beach. Mr. Sentimental was to persuade the man to go out for a little fresh air and then gradually lead him to the scene. Expected result—curtain, no wedding bells. It might have worked but for a little fly in Mr. Lothario Booby's ointment. Two days before the act, he suddenly remembered that he himself had married only ten days earlier and, what would his wife say if he was found gallivanting with another dame on the seashore? Mr. Sentimental lacked the confidence to change roles. So the plan was dropped, owing to shortage of manpower.

But there was a sequel. Mr. Sentimental, sensing the humour in the story, told it to the would-be victim and both had a hearty laugh at the expense of poor Mr. Booby. In fact, the story seemed so good that the victim told the lady with, no doubt, many embellishments of his own. But, alas, the fair sex lacks a sense of humour and the fair lady took it in very bad part. No, she did not break it all off; it expedited a natural process. But it lost both Mr Booby and Mr. Sentimental a good friend and a very hospitable house.

Which goes to show that even match-breaking is not an easy job for outsiders to accomplish.

HUGE DEFICIT BUDGET FOR INDONESIA

President Asks For Credits

JAKARTA Feb. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Indonesia's budget expenditure in 1950 is expected to be two and a half times her revenue President Soekarno told the first joint session of the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Indonesian Parliament here today.

He estimated expenditure at 4.571 million guilders and revenue at 1,871 million guilders, a deficit 2.640 million guilders.

Indonesia needed credits from foreign countries to buy consumer goods such as textiles, rice and medicines. There might be a hope, he said, that the Netherlands would lend Indonesia 400 to 500 million guilders.

The President emphasised the Government's determination to root out "treasonable movements" He accused the Indonesian labour movement of "lacking patience and self-restraint" and promised a better social welfare organisation

The Government, he said, did not wish to make constitutional changes in the structure of the State until after general elections had been held, but might in some cases "be forced to interfere in the internal structure of Police and troops took strong security precautions. Scores of tommy-gunners and riflemen guarded the approches to Parliament House. member States of the United States of Indonesia".

'END CORRUPTION'

Vellodi's Call To N. G. O.s

HYDERABAD, Feb. 15.—Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Chief Minister of Hyderabad, told a gathering of non-gazetted State Government employees this morning "to be completely free from the usual complaints that were made about Government servants, namely, corruption and nepotism."

The Chief Minister told them that with the gradual change of the medium of Government work from Urdu to English in Hyderabad there would be a certain period when efficiency would probably come down, but that could not be helped. Mr. Vellodi believed that it had been accepted that in the course of time, pending, of course the introduction of the national language, work would have to be increasingly carried out in English. Those who did not have proficiency in English would find this a handicap, but he felt it was necessary, if they wanted to attain to standards prevailing in other parts of India, that they should change with the times. Those who were not so proficient in the English language would have to see that their knowledge of the language was improved.

MUTT AND JEFF—It Takes More Than A Putter To Clear A Tee Shot

By BUD FISHER

I'LL TEACH YOU ALL THE GOLF I KNOW IN A MINUTE! NOW STAND THERE AND HIT THE BALL!
I CAN'T SEE IT!
I'LL MOVE IT OUT FURTHER--THERE, CAN YOU SEE IT NOW?
YES, BUT NOW I CAN'T REACH IT!
Fisher

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.